

# Report of the Director of Finance to the meeting of the Corporate Overview & Scrutiny Committee to be held on 9th February 2023.

**AD** 

## Subject:

## **Qtr 3 Finance Position Statement for 2022-23**

## **Summary statement:**

This report provides Members with an update on the forecast year-end financial position of the Council for 2022-23.

It outlines the revenue and capital budgets and the year-end financial position based on information at the end of December 2022. It states the Council's current balances and reserves and school balances.

#### **Equality & Diversity:**

Services delivered and commissioned through Council resources can play a significant part in addressing inequality, improving well-being, and widening access to opportunities. Both the COVID pandemic and the current cost of living crisis have had a disproportionate impact on the District, amplifying existing inequalities and threatening to generate new ones. The Council's response has sought to mitigate the disproportionate impact on our most disadvantaged and vulnerable groups of people wherever possible, and resources continue to be deployed in support of that objective.

Portfolio:

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#### Finance Position Statement for 2022-23

#### 1.0 INTRODUCTION

This report is the third monitoring report presented to Members on the Council's 2022-23 financial position. It provides the forecast revenue and capital financial position of the Council at the 31st March 2023. The report covers:

- The forecast outturn of the Council's revenue budget in 2022-23
- The forecast financial impact of inflation in 2022-23
- A statement on the Council's reserves
- An update on the Capital Investment Plan.
- The Council's Risk Register.

#### 2.0. MAIN FINANCIAL MESSAGES

## Forecast outturn of the revenue budget in 2022-23

	Gross Budget £ms	Net Budget £ms	Total Variance £ms
Health and Wellbeing	260.6	127.5	7.7
Children's Services	543.4	152.8	48.9
Department of Place	145.4	85.8	0.2
Corporate Resources	215.0	58.6	3.1
Chief Executive	5.4	5.0	-0.2
Non-Service Budgets	6.7	5.8	0.0
General Fund	20.8	-47.1	-22.0
Total Council	1,197.3	388.5	37.6

- 2.1 Based on a projection at December 30th 2022, the Council is forecast to **overspend** the £388.5m net revenue budget by £37.6m by March 31<sup>st</sup> 2023. This is c£7.7m less than Qtr 2 as outlined in section 2.
- 2.2 A number of mitigations actions are planned to reduce the overspend further by year end. These are outlined in section 3 and have not been included in the forecast currently as they are either unquantifiable or require more assurance before including.
- 2.3 The main overspending areas continue to be Children's Social Care due to high placement costs and high levels of Agency Staff, and unachieved savings in Adult Social Care as outlined in prior months. Further, the unbudgeted impact of inflation is currently estimated at c£28m and this is resulting in significant forecast overspends across all service departments as detailed in the Departmental Commentaries (sections 4-8).
- 2.4 The inflationary impacts are largely constituted of c£13m of additional forecast costs associated with the 2022-23 pay award. Overall, we estimate that the pay award will cost c£19m compared to the £6m budgeted. The other major inflationary costs relate to energy prices, where gas and electric prices were estimated to increase by 118% by our supplier.

- 2.5 The overall financial impact of energy cost inflation on the Council's estate and street lighting is currently forecast to be c£9m over budget. There are also further knock-on impacts on our supply chain which is resulting in additional inflationary pressures. The Council budgeted for 4%, but the Treasury's latest forecast of CPI using an average of independent forecasts is now estimated at c9% in 2022, with further increases in 2023.
- 2.6 A large number of mitigating actions are being worked on to reduce the forecast overspend as outlined in the report, and we expect the forecast overspend to reduce again by year end.
- 2.7 Any year end overspend would have to be bridged using reserves which are reducing at an unsustainable rate as outlined in section 9.

## Change since Qtr 2

2.8 The overall forecast overspend has reduced by c£7.7m since last qtr. as outlined below.

Department	Variance at last report	Variance £000s	Change in Variance from last Exec Report £000s
Childrens Services	42,940	48,908	5,967
Non Service	0	-9	-9
Chief Executive	-194	-228	-34
Corporate Resources	4,468	3,120	-1,347
Health & Wellbeing	10,934	7,670	-3,264
General Fund	-17,575	-21,997	-4,423
Dept of Place	4,672	120	-4,552
Total	45,246	37,584	-7,662

- 2.9 The main changes since Qtr 2 include;
  - A £6.0m increase in the Children's Services forecast due to a further £6.6m increase in placement costs, and a £0.7m increase in Social work service costs (mainly Agency). This is reduced by a £1.1m reduction in the Education and Learning Service forecast plus a £0.2m additional income on the Employment and Skills service.
  - A £1.3m decrease in the Corporate Resources overspend to £3.1m due to a revision of energy cost overspends due to lower usage (c£0.3m), the draw down from the Energy Volatility reserves (£0.4m), with the remainder due to reductions in forecast salary costs as a result of vacancy management.
  - A £3.3m decrease in the Health and Wellbeing forecast is primarily due to the inclusion of a further £2m of Discharge to Assess income to fund the additional activity associated with hospital discharge; the addition of

£0.5m of reserves, and a £0.9m favourable adjustment in relation to contacts within Learning Disabilities.

- A £4.4m increase in the General Fund underspend due to a £1m reduction in the forecast overspend associated with the 2022-23 pay award (now c£13m). A £3m increase in unbudgeted reserve drawdown following a further review. Unbudgeted reserve drawdowns now stand at c£26m as outlined in section 8. We have recently also been notified of a £0.4m unbudgeted dividend from the Leeds City Region revolving investment fund.
- The £4.6m decrease in the Department of Place forecast is due to utilising £1.5m of CAZ income against permissible expenditure related to sustainable transport activities in accordance with the objectives of the CAZ; £1.8m improvement in Waste Services due to a sustained reduction in waste tonnage and a reduction in staffing costs through the management of vacant posts and a decreased inflationary pressure. A further £0.8m relates to savings in Neighbourhoods Services due to delays in recruitment, and additional income received in uniformed services relates to higher income recovery. £0.4m relates to vacant posts and securing external funding in Economic Development, and the forecast has improved by £0.1m in Planning Transportation and Highways forecast due to underspends in Business Services.

## Material issues not currently factored into the forecast

The c£37m of forecast overspend at the end of Qtr 3 does not however include the following which will reduce the forecast overspend in future periods. These include;

- 3.1 Should Children's Social Care or Adult Social Care manage to attract additional Health related funding in this financial year, this would also be a benefit. The Government have also recently announced an extra £200m nationally for Discharge to Assess (discharge from hospital to be assessed by Social Care), of which the Council would typically expect to receive c£2m, however the details of this are currently unknown.
- 3.2 A review of the Council's MRP policy is being undertaken. Early indications are that this could provide a significant saving in the near term.
- 3.3 Given the £10m proposed saving for 2023-24 associated with the Vacancy factor/ Abatement factor is going to be challenging to deliver, Council services will need to hold existing vacancies for longer. This could result in an additional saving this year.
- 3.4 Phase 2 of the reserves review has recently completed and is reflected in the Qtr 3 forecasts. Given the scale of the forecast overspend a phase 3 will be required.

These mitigations should reduce the forecast overspend in future periods, however there are also a number of potential pressures that could have the opposite effect:

3.5 Despite already being well in excess of benchmarks, Children looked after,

- and Purchased Placement numbers have increased further, and additional Agency staff have been taken on. Should the trend continue, this would result in a further increase in the Children's Social Care overspend.
- 3.6 Increases in construction inflation, and interest rates will cause significant additional pressures to the capital financing budgets. The extent is being assessed and will be factored into future forecasts. The impact will mostly be felt next year and beyond however.
- 3.7 High inflation, and the impacts on cost of living, are more likely than not to impact on discretionary spend in services like Theatres and Sports facilities.

## **Departmental Commentaries**

#### Children's Services

4.1 Children's Services are forecast to overspend the £152.7m net expenditure budget by £48.9m. This is after allocating £15.0m of additional funding to the service in 2022-23 including £7.5m of one-off Social Care pressure funding. The forecast overspend is mainly derived from Children's Social Care related services (Children's Social Care (£19.6m) and Safeguarding & Reviewing, and Commissioning & Provision (£44.5m); Education and Learning (£1.1m). The Employment and Skills Service has a forecasted underspend of £1.3m.

#### Children's Social Care

- 4.2 The £19.6m forecast overspend is mainly due to the following;
- 4.3 A £11.9m overspend on the Social Work budget due largely to higher workloads, and the continued use of agency staff due to a shortage of staff which to some extent reflects national challenges around recruitment.
- 4.4 The amounts incurred on Agency staff have increased significantly over recent years (£4.3m in 2018-19, £11.7m in 2019-20, £17.4m in 2020-21 and £20.1m in 2021-22) and are currently running at approximately £2.1m per month. There are currently the highest number of agency social workers that there has ever been.
- 4.5 The movement in agency social workers is shown below: -

Month	Apr	Sep	Apr	Sep	Mar	Jun	July	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
	20	20	21	21	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22
Number of Agency Social Workers	129	136	170	161	164	176	177	179	204	206	207	208

4.6 The table below demonstrates that although effort is being made to recruit new Social Workers, the numbers of leavers exceeded the numbers of new starters both last year and this to date. It is planned that as a result of a recruitment drive to appoint Assessed and Supported Year in Employment (ASYE) newly qualified Social Workers, and international Social Workers, this trend will be reversed.

											2022/
	2021/22										23
Description	Total	Apr-22	May-22	Jun-22	Jul-22	Aug 22	Sep-22	Oct-22	Nov-22	Dec-22	Total
Starter	43	2	6	4	3	4	13	3	0	0	35
	0.4		•	_	•	-	4.4	•	_		
Leaver	64	2	8	5	6	5	11	8	/	1	53
Net	(21)	0	(2)	(1)	(3)	(1)	2	(5)	(7)	(1)	(18)

4.7 The table below shows that although there had been some progress in increasing the numbers of permanent Social Workers up to Qtr 3 (Nov) of

last year, the numbers have significantly reduced since.

	•	Apr 21		Sept 21		•		•			
No of Permanent		293	301	303	301	283	280	279	274	267	266

Permanent Social Workers

4.8 Benchmarking data demonstrates that the percentage of Agency social work staff in Bradford has increased significantly over the past 3 years and is significantly higher than comparators, and given the above, this is likely to increase further in 2022.

Agency staff as % of Social Work								
Workforce	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Bradford	4	3	4	4	12	30	34	39
Yorkshire and Humber	8	6	9	8	8	10	11	13
National	15	16	16	16	15	16	15	16
Statistical Neighbours	17	15	17	16	15	12	12	12
West Yorkshire								
Bradford	4	3	4	4	12	30	34	39
Calderdale	7	3	0	5	2	7	3	9
Kirklees	4	3	26	18	6	2	0	0
Leeds	8	4	4	1	1	1	0	0
Wakefield	19	-	9	6	29	32	22	14

- 4.9 In addition to demonstrating that agency use is particularly acute in Bradford, the table also demonstrates that agency use has reduced from high levels in other West Yorkshire Councils that have also previously been assessed as inadequate (Kirklees & Wakefield), suggesting that there is clear scope for Bradford to follow a similar trajectory over time.
- 4.10 The Children with Disability Service is also forecast to overspend on the direct payment/home support budget by £1.1m.
- 4.11 There is also a £1.2m pressure on the service legal cost budget due to court/legal counsel costs. The Post 16 team has a pressure of £1.5m on support cost for care leavers.
- 4.12 The Section 17 preventative assistance budget is forecast to overspend by £1.1m and transport costs are also forecast to overspend by £1.8m (including £0.5m in relation to staff). The Interpreting budget has a £0.3m variance, and a further £0.7m variance on support cost for children.

## Safeguarding and Review, Commissioning and Provision

4.13 Overspends are also occurring in other areas due to continued growth in the number of Children receiving support, with very large increases in typically costlier external Residential placements and external Foster Agency placements.

- 4.14 Residential placements cost on average close to £270k per year each, and the average cost of a placement has risen dramatically from c£3,600 per week in 2020-21 to c£4,800 in 2021-22, and c£5,100 now. A recent Competition and Markets Authority report has found the purchased placements market to be dysfunctional and subject to profiteering by suppliers.
- 4.15 Additionally, the numbers of children in placements have never been higher as outlined in the table below.

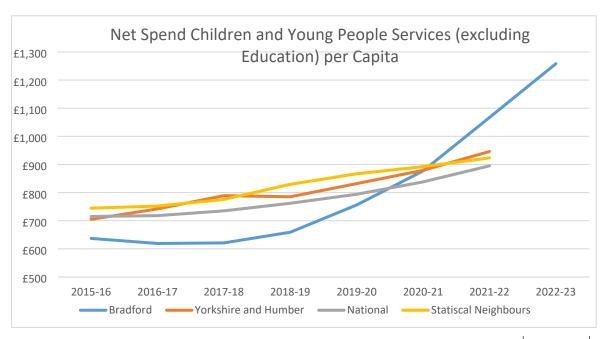
Type of Placement	17-18	18-19	19-20	20-21	21-22	22-23 Dec	Avg Cost per week 2020-21	Avg Cost per week 2021-22
Placed with Parents	117	129	150	162	166	178		
Placed for Adoption	25	26	24	35	52	43		
Friends and Families	235	301	357	372	394	420	£250	£350
Foster Parents	371	354	368	393	375	382	£519	£530
Fostering Agencies	57	88	131	164	191	243	£839	£849
Residential Care (Internal)	51	45	51	45	38	29	£3,100	£3,300
Residential Care (External)	42	42	60	70	105	156	£3,600	£4,800
Other*	62	68	90	107	125	125	£1,600	£1,850
Sub Total (Number of Children Looked After)	960	1,053	1,231	1,349	1,446	1,576		
Residence Orders	46	40	37	33	30	29	£154	£166
Adoption Orders	247	239	237	226	214	204	£270	£330
Special Guardianship Orders	320	338	364	435	473	496	£155	£168
Sub Total (Chd in Permanent Arrangements)	613	617	638	694	717	729		
Total Children Receiving Support	1,573	1,670	1,869	2,043	2,163	2,305		

<sup>, \*</sup> Includes Supported Living placements, Hospital Placements and Mother/Baby placements.

4.16 Benchmarking data shows that over recent years the numbers of Children Looked After supported by Children's Social Care increased from a relatively low number per 10,000 to a relatively high number in comparison to other Councils, and growth in numbers has been significantly higher than other comparators.

							%	Dec 2022
	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Growth	
Bradford	61	66	70	82	87	95	56%	112
Yorks and Humber								
Avg	63	67	71	74	77	78	23%	
Statistical Neighbour								
Avg	84	87	88	90	91	91	12%	
National Avg	60	62	64	65	67	67	8%	

4.17 As a result of high Agency staff costs, and the growth in Child Looked After placements (particularly external placements), net spend on Children and Young People per capita, has grown significantly in recent years, and is now very likely to be significantly higher than comparators.



Local Authorities	16-17	17-18	18-19	19-20	20-21	21-22	% Growth 16-17 to 21-22	F/cast 22-23
Bradford	£619	£621	£659	£756	£877	£1,067	72.4%	£1,258
Yorkshire and Humber	£742	£753	£785	£832	£875	£946	27.5%	
National	£718	£735	£762	£794	£834	£895	24.7%	
Statistical Neighbours	£752	£776	£829	£867	£887	£928	24.6%	

- 4.18 Indicatively, if Bradford's spend on Children and Young people per capita were at the same level as Statistical Neighbours in 2021-22, the Council would spend c£20m less per year. Given the rapid growth in spend in Bradford in 2022-23, this excess spend in comparison to benchmarks is now likely to be significantly greater.
- 4.19 This also demonstrates that the current scale of spend in Bradford is not inevitable.
- 4.20 As a result of the growth outlined above, the Service is forecast to overspend the £62.5m budget by £44.5m.
- 4.21 The external purchased placement (Residential, Fostering and Post 16 & 18) budget is forecast to overspend by £38.0m. The number of external placements increased by 22% in 2021-22 and the current forecast assumes a further increase of 25% in 2022-23.
- 4.22 There is also a £0.8m variance on the Fostering Service due to the cost of placements and recent changes on fees for Kinship carers.
- 4.23 Internal residential/respite homes are currently forecasting an overspend of £4.9m due to the use of agency staff, premises related costs and care cost.
- 4.24 Child Protection Services has a £0.8m variance due to the use of agency staff across the service.

## **Education and Learning**

4.25 The Education and Learning Service is reporting a £1.1m overspend on a £26.5m net budget. The main pressure is on the Travel Assistance Service which is forecast to overspend by £2.8m due to increased cost in service provision. The current overspend is offset by £1.7m underspend across the service from non-staffing budgets and through income generation.

#### Skills for Work and 14-19 Service

4.26 The Skills for Work/14-19 Service are forecast to underspend the £5.4m budget by £1.3m. This from a £0.2m staffing underspend, £0.9m non recurrent additional income and £0.2m underspend on Covid recovery funding.

## Mitigating Actions to reduce the overspend

- 4.27 There has been a considerable level of investment into Children Services over past few years. The 2020-21 budget included £13.625m of additional investment to address budget pressure and demographic growth. A further £2m was made available to make permanent support to the social work structure previously funded from the "one off" Children Investment Fund in 2019-20. The Council also allocated £2m per annum for two-years to support Prevention and Early Help work starting in 2020-21. Children's Social Care also overspent by £6.4m in 2020-21, with mitigating funding having to come from other parts of the Council. There was also a further £7.125m of recurring budgeted investment in 2021-22, coupled with a £15.5m overspend with mitigating funding deriving from other parts of the Council, and c£15.8m of Covid related funding; a further £7.5m of recurring budget has been provided for 2022-23, and the creation of a £10m one off Social Care reserve of which £7.5m has been allocated to Children Services.
- 4.28 A number of positive actions have already been completed which will start to impact positively upon service provision and the financial position; these include:
  - A Sufficiency Strategy has been developed to outline the development of our internal provision for children in care. The Strategy is focused on increasing provision across our residential sector so that it provides children and young people with homes that are smaller in size (2-3 young people per home) and offers a holistic approach to meet the needs of young people in our care. In addition, the Strategy also sets out how we will recruit and increase the number of foster carers, including the support and training that will be provided to ensure that we have fostering families who are able to meet the needs of more complex children and young people. Work is underway with Health colleagues to enable a partnership approach to supporting more C&YP to remain in our District, in local provision.
  - A Foster Carers report was approved at June Executive. This report sets out how we will ensure that the payments to Foster Carers is comparable with other local areas. The report recognises the importance of kinship carers and the option of Special Guardianship Orders, and ensures that appropriate payments are to be made to them. This enables an increased

number of options that will be considered when placements are being determined for children in care.

- A Children's Homes report was approved at June Executive. This establishes a fit for purpose strategy for use and development of children's homes that will be an invest to save and will improve local in-District provision. Main investment here will be the capital investment, but we will potentially have a capital receipt to support this investment by the sale of Valley View.
- An Early Help business case has been approved which will be funded through anticipated payments by results. This will help to mitigate against children requiring statutory social care services which helps to manage demand across the service. Fewer open cases in social care ensures that the right child receives the right support at the right time.
- A business case to invest in PAUSE has been approved as invest to save. PAUSE project sets out to work with families where previous children have been removed and brought into care. The PAUSE project supports families to consider different options and to potentially make considered and different choices and decisions about pregnancy as well as about changing behaviours to support improved parenting capacity.
- Investment in a CIC Post was approved, this is for a Service Manager to be put in place to enable the bringing together of the Children in Care and Leaving Care teams so that they are in one service area and under a single Head of Service. A Service Manager will oversee the Children in Care Teams alongside a Service Manager for Leaving Care. This will provide a consistent approach and smooth transition for C&YP in our care. In addition, the removal of the Children in Care Teams from the locality areas will provide increased capacity for service managers across the locality areas to manage the work flow more effectively.
- An invest to save business case to invest in Court Consultants is near completion. The Court Consultants will enable the continuation of a robust oversight and consistency of reports being taken to court as part of proceedings. In addition, the Court Consultants will have a dedicated piece of work to support the review and potential requests, where appropriate, for the discharging of care orders for C&YP who are placed with parents. This will support the safe reduction of the number of children in care, which in turn will increase capacity across the service.
- 4.29 The service will pursue the following actions to reduce the forecast overspend in 2022-23;
  - Review of high cost placements.
  - Seek contributions from partners towards placement costs.
  - Recruitment of permanent social workers to reduce reliance on the use of agency staff. Currently, the use of agency is over 40% of the staffing budget.
  - Grow in-house children residential provision, to reduce costly external placements.

- 4.30 Significant work is also being undertaken to set up the new Children's Company for 2023-24 including the establishment of the contract price.
- 4.31 The financial impact of the mitigating actions outlined above are however either not currently estimable, or there is no current evidence to show reductions in spend/additional income and are consequently not included in forecasts.

## **Health and Wellbeing**

- 5.1 The Department of Health and Well-Being is forecast to overspend the £127.5m net expenditure budget by £7.7m. This is after allocating £4.4m of non-recurrent funding, including £2.5m from the Social Care reserve. This is a forecast decrease of £3.3m from Q2 and is primarily due to the inclusion of a further £2m of Discharge to Assess income to fund the additional activity associated with hospital discharge, the addition of £0.5m of further reserves and a £0.9m favourable adjustment in relation to contacts within Learning Disabilities.
- 5.2 The forecast overspend is mainly derived from previous unachieved LD demand management savings and pressure within Operational Services on long term home care costs.
- 5.3 In 2022-23 the department has additional LD demand management savings of £5.5m to achieve. In recognition that the savings are behind schedule, an additional £3m budget has been provided to alleviate some of the pressure. It is forecast that the net £2.5m will be unachieved this year.

## **Operational Services**

5.4 Operational Services are forecast to underspend the £62.1m net expenditure budget by £0.5m. This forecast position includes £5.3m of Discharge funding, which is helping to offset previously reported pressures on short term support and home care. In September the Government announced a £500m Adult Social Care (ASC) fund for Integrated Care Boards and Local Authorities. The fund's aim is to enable more people to be discharged to an appropriate setting with adequate and timely social care support as required.

This funding has been allocated to Adult Social Care to primarily support investment in reablement services and additional spend on home care services which are the key adult social care services supporting timely discharge from hospital.

- 5.5 The new ASC Discharge fund has mitigated a £1.7m projected overspend on short term enablement, this is across externally procured enablement hours and care delivered by the in-house Enablement service. The service has continued with the model of discharge to assess and has seen an increase in the number of externally delivered hours and increased activity within the in-house Enablement Service.
- 5.6 The total recurrent pressure within Older People and Physical Disabilities long term support budgets is £5.1m, of which £3.5m has been mitigated by the ASC Discharge funding. As previously reported, Older People and

Physical Disabilities long term support budgets have seen significant additional and unbudgeted expenditure as a result of the service supporting increased discharges from hospital.

The table below demonstrates the year on year increase in home care hours.

	31.12.20	31.12.21	31.12.22
OP & PD Monthly Long Term Home Care Hours	109,062	111,111	114,678
OP & PD Monthly Short Term Enablement Hours*	2,301	8,189	8,449
Total	111,363	119,300	123,127

5.8 To mitigate the remaining £1.6m pressure on OP & PD budgets the service also has underspends with Mental Health long term support of £0.4m, £1.2m forecast underspend on staffing costs and non-recurrent income of £0.5m.

## Mitigation Actions to reduce the overspend

- 5.9 Operational Services will continue to pursue to the following actions to reduce expenditure on long term support;
  - The long term home support forecast is based on current levels of activity and the service is optimistic that this can be reduced through increasing the number of annual reviews, continued positive outcomes from Enablement discharges, embedding strength based approaches across all teams and increasing the occupancy at the Fletcher Court Extra Care scheme.

## **Learning Disabilities**

- 5.10 Learning Disability services are forecast to overspend the £51.4m net expenditure budget by £7.1m, this is after £2.5m of non-recurrent funding from the Social Care reserve has been applied. The forecast position at Q3 includes a £0.9m reduction to LD supported living and respite budgets as a result of contract changes.
- 5.11 As reported last financial year, Learning Disabilities has a recurrent pressure of c£9.6m, primarily as result of unachieved demand management savings in both 2020/21 (£3.2m) and 2021/22 (£4.3m) and continued increases in community care activity. This is particularly in relation to increased Direct Payments and Supported Living forecasts as people are Transitioning from Children's Services with complex needs and high cost packages.
- 5.12 The tables below show the number of people in Residential and Nursing care is reducing in line with the departmental strategy of supporting people in community settings. Although the number of people in Residential care has reduced over the past two financial years, where client numbers have reduced in residential block contracts, this currently does not result in a cash releasing saving. However, work has now commenced on transforming the remaining blocks contracts, which should have a positive impact on reducing expenditure in 2023/24.

Client Numbers	31.12.20	31.12.21	31.12.22
LD Residential Care - Purchased	138	129	133
LD Nursing Care - Purchased	20	17	17
Total Residential & Nursing	158	146	150
Community Care Client Numbers	31.12.20	31.12.21	31.12.22
Community Care Client Numbers  LD Supported Living	31.12.20 443	31.12.21 456	31.12.22 490
LD Supported Living	443	456	490

## Mitigations to reduce to overspend

- 5.13 The forecast at Qtr 3 is based on current levels of activity and current contracting arrangement on a number of block contacts. The following actions are on-going and should reduce the forecast position for LD in the final quarter and into 2023/24.
  - New Choices (a newly established Special Purpose Vehicle) has been set-up to transition LD day care services to a more personalised service. A £0.2m forecast saving has been included in the forecast and it is anticipated that there will be further reductions as a result of the baselining work that has taken place and moving service users to the framework rate.
  - Work has commenced on the transformation of the remainder of the departments block contacts (residential and nursing and respite services) which has begun to realise savings and work will continue into 2023-24.
  - Reviewing capacity was increased in the latter half of 2021-22 and this should have a positive financial impact in 2022-23 as reviewing is aligned to the departments commissioning plan.
- 5.14 The net additional 2022-23 demand management saving of £2.5m (£5.5m, offset by £3m investment budget) and a further £1.5m Demand Management saving from 2021-22 hasn't been allocated to specific budgets and although forecast to be unachieved, it has been partly mitigated by one off funding (£1.4m), unallocated demographic growth (£0.5m) and £0.3m of reserves. This is creating a further £1.8m budget pressure for the department. However, this pressure is offset by a £0.6m underspend within Commissioning and Integration, the majority of which is related to vacancy control and a further £0.1m underspend with Environmental Health.

## **Department of Place**

Department of Place is forecast to overspend the £85.8m net expenditure budget (£145.4m Gross) by £0.1m.

This includes inflationary pressures of £4.8m, Planning, Transportation & Highways (£3.8m – energy Costs) and Waste, Fleet & Transport (£1.0m – waste disposal & fuel costs). This has been mitigated through the one off use of reserves to the value of £2.0m in Economy & Development Services. £1.5m of clean air zone funding has been utilised along with a one off rates rebate benefit of £0.6m within Museums. Sport & Culture are reporting a service pressure of £0.9m due to undelivered savings which has been offset by a reduction in costs relating to waste tonnage and vacancy management within Neighbourhood and Customer services.

## Waste, Fleet & Transport

- 6.2 The Waste, Fleet & Transport service is forecast to underspend the £30.1m net budget (£46.3m gross) by £0.8m, comprised of a £0.4m underspend in Waste Services and a £0.4m underspend in Fleet & Transport Services.
- 6.3 £0.9m has been identified as inflationary pressures above those budgeted; therefore, the service is reporting a break-even position, aside from these pressures.

## **Waste Services**

- 6.3 The £0.4m forecast underspend within Waste Services is due to the following:
  - £1.0m has been identified as being linked to inflation increases, over & above the inflation figures that have already been factored into budgets. This is comprised of £0.7m for disposal costs and £0.3m associated with higher fuel costs.
  - £0.7m underspend on disposal costs, composed of payments to the main waste contractor and payments to third party operators for collection and processing of dry, mixed recycling (DMR) waste.
  - The waste tonnage levels over the 6 months indicates that we have recovered from the effects from Covid and we have started to get back to similar tonnage levels to 2019. If the trend continues we should be around the 2019/20 waste tonnage by the end of 2022/23. The service is also seeing a reduction in visits to the household waste recycling centres.

- £0.4m underspend in trade waste is due to lower than budgeted disposal costs.
- £0.3m overachievement in Garden Waste subscriber income is forecast based on income received.
- Fleet Service has confirmed the revised charge-out rates for vehicle maintenance, more work is required to ascertain the extent of underrecovery, council-wide, Therefore, forecasts are under review and subject to change.

To address the above service and inflationary pressures, the following mitigating action is being taken:

- The service has taken the decision to close the MRF and TLS on bank holiday Mondays which will reduce overtime costs. This change will be assessed weekly to ensure that the TLS is cleared of waste and DMR on Friday.
- Restructure of Trade Waste rounds
- There is an on-going review of fuel usage with a view to reduce consumption if/where possible. Waste Services' fuel usage is the highest of any service across the Council so any reduction could be significant.

## **Neighbourhood and Customer Services**

6.7 The service is forecast to underspend the £19.2m net expenditure budget by £0.4m. The majority of the pressure comes from within Park Depots, £0.5m. This is due to a number of factors including the service being unable to absorb the enduring rental income targets from disposed assets, reduced capacity to generate external income and savings targets not been achieved relating to transfer of playing fields, and of assets to trusts and Town/Parish. Street Cleansing is forecast to overspend £0.2m, largely on employee and fleet costs. These have been offset by an over achievement of income within Uniformed Services £0.5m and savings in Customer Services of £0.3m. Neighbourhood Services £0.3m.

## **Economy & Development Services**

6.8 The service is forecast to underspend the £9.6m net expenditure budget (£15.9m Gross) by £1.9m, this includes a £2.0m drawdown against reserves in support of the Service's current position. Economic Development are currently reporting a £0.7m underspend, with the majority of staff recruitments now being complete, though there is further work needed to get to a fully accurate forecast position. Housing Services are currently showing an overspend of around £0.4m which is in the main due to existing pressures within Housing Development. This is, in the main, as a result of there being no current capital programme activity to recharge the salary budget to and further pressures of £0.3m from premises costs and income losses.

- 6.9 Markets are forecasting an underachievement within their £1.2m net income budget (£1.6m Gross) of just under £0.5m. This is after the drawdown of the remaining £70k held in reserves, the pressures within the service for 2022/23 are as follows:
  - £81k associated with the rental/compensation package to achieve vacant possession.
  - £38k associated with the loss of Morrison's ground rent
  - £24k associated with the surrender of the lease for 31 John St (Fulton Frozen Foods)
  - £60k associated with the new lease for the Asian Bazaar
  - £257k pressure due to vacant units from previous years
  - £375k drawdown from the compensation reserve.

## **Planning, Transportation & Highways**

- 6.10 The Service is forecast to overspend the £17.2m net expenditure budget (£25.0m Gross) by £3.7m. This is due to a significant increase in energy costs £3.8m for Street Lighting, within Transportation & Highways. As energy has been pre purchased for 22/23 any further increases are not expected until the financial year 23/24.
- 6.11 Development Services are forecast to overspend the £0.8m net expenditure budget (£4.8m gross) by £0.3m. This is due to a forecasted reduction of Planning Fees of £0.5m as a result of the low numbers of major applications (In comparison the Service had received £0.3m more fees at this time last year), lack of housing sites and the current economic situation.
- 6.12 Planning & Transport Strategy is forecast to have a favourable variance of approximately £0.1m due to forecasted underspends in Business Services.
- 6.13 The Winter Maintenance period has commenced and the operation is currently forecasting an overspend of £17k This is partly due to the cost in hire, insurance and other associated charges of winter vehicles to provide a resilient service. As the winter period progresses the adverse forecast will increase as further costs will be incurred for the use of salt and staff payments.
- 6.14 Recruitment is taking place to tackle vacant posts which support the capital programme and capital recharges.
- 6.15 The service is seeing increases in tender costs on capital schemes which are being mitigated through a range of strategies including removing schemes from the services' capital programme, reducing the scope of schemes, using Value Engineering to address increased material, labour and plant costs as well as exploring fundamental changes to funding arrangements with the West Yorkshire Combined Authority.

- 6.16 The Service is forecast to overspend the net £5.9m net expenditure budget (£25.8m Gross) by £0.9m.
- 6.17 The main pressures the Service is facing are within Museums, breakeven with an inherent £0.7m pressure, Libraries £0.5m & Theatres £0.1m.
- 6.18 Museums are forecasting a near breakeven position; however, this is inclusive of an inherent pressure due to deferred savings from 2020-21 not being achieved. This is currently being offset by a potential benefit of the back dated Business Rates review for Cartwright Hall, Bolling Hall, Cliffe Castle and the Industrial Museum covering the period between 2017/18 & 2021/22, totalling £0.6m. This one-off benefit is masking the structural pressures that the service is still facing in 2022/23, with the anticipated savings not being realised until 2023/24 and beyond. The Valuation Office Agency lodged an appeal against this review which should be known shortly. The rebate received saw a rates reduction to £159.5k in 2021/22. This has formed the basis of the forecast rateable value for 2022/23, until the appeal decision is reached.
- 6.19 The deferred budget saving included measures to reduce costs through service efficiencies and integration and remodelling of operational delivery, which will need to be reviewed as part of the medium term recovery plan for Museums.
- 6.20 Libraries are forecasting an overspend of £0.5m the majority of this being due to deferred savings, from 2020/21, being released back into the 2022/23 budget. An investment model, which would cover this shortfall, is being drafted as part of the medium term recovery plan for the service, which will be reported to CMT linked to the Council's Localities approach to working in communities. In addition to the above £0.1m of Public Health monies has been released by Health & Wellbeing in support of the work that libraries are undertaking.
- 6.21 Theatres are forecasting an overspend of £0.2m. They are currently experiencing a considerable downturn in bookings and ancillary sales. There is customer resistance to high ticket price shows but generally shows that attract a younger audience are doing well. Pantomime is still tracking at a similar level to last year. There is a general nervousness amongst producers and promoters and several shows have either been postponed or moved into 2023/24 due to the uncertainty over Covid and the cost of living crisis. This is a national trend amongst theatres including the west-end.
- 6.22 Facilities is showing a forecast overspend of £241k in 2022-23. All buildings have reopened and are available to the public, the customer base is growing with a strong financial recovery since returning from COVID19 and is on the road to full recovery. However, due to operational challenges and inflation the cost of running the service has increased and historical evidence suggests that there will be a reduction in user numbers when the cost of living crisis starts to bite through the winter months, with a reasonable estimate in income downturn to be in the region of 25% for 2023/24, but at present the income is holding steady.

#### Clean Air Plan

- 6.23 The service is forecasting a breakeven position against budget. All costs of the service relating to the implementation and operation of the Clean Air Zone will be covered through government grant, currently held in reserves. It is anticipated that the reserve balance carried forward will be £1.2m, though this is subject to change should more resources than anticipated, be required post launch of the zone.
- 6.24 £1.5m of CAZ income has been utilised to deliver permissible expenditure related to sustainable transport activities in accordance with the objectives of the CAZ and is included in the forecast
- 6.25 The Clean Air Zone launched on 26th September as planned, and income has started to be received for charges only. The service has collected £1.5m net to the Council to date.
- 6.26 Based on current projections the service expects to collect £5.0m
- 6.27 The Clean Air Zone operation is self-funding, and as such revenue will need to be set aside to cover the cost of the operation for the life of the Clean Air Zone, alongside decommissioning costs. The aim of the zone is to reduce Nitrogen dioxide levels within the district, and as this goal is achieved over time, the level of revenue generated also reduces as fewer non-compliant vehicles enter the zone, hence the need to ring fence this revenue at the outset.
- 6.28 As any surplus revenue levels are clarified, consideration can then be given as to the uses of such revenues, which must be in line with the Charging Scheme Order upon which the Clean Air Zone operates. Support is being provided to local residents and SMEs in the form of an extensive grants and exemptions programmes, which should allow for Air Quality compliance with the ministerial direction, whilst reducing the negative impact of the zone upon the local community.

## **Corporate Resources**

- 7.1 Corporate Resources are forecast to overspend the £58.6m net budget by £3.1m, down from £3.4m at cp8 & £4.5m as at Q2. The majority of the overspend relates to extraordinary inflationary impacts, primarily relating to utilities costs for Council buildings
- 7.2 At present, based on unit price forecasts, allowing for the estimated impact of the price freeze from 01/10 and most recent usage data, the cp9 estimate is for energy costs to be above budget by £3.7m, this is £650k down on the £4.35m forecast as at Q2. Part of this reduction is due to drawing down the

- remaining £385k from the energy reserve, with the remaining £265k being due to reduced volumes and is based on forecast usage after allowing for the estimated impact of the price cap as from 01/10/22.
- 7.3 However, it should be noted that this is still a best estimate and the exact situation in respect of supplier credits for the price freeze is still unknown. The eventual cost in 22-23 will depend on a number of factors, including the relative increase in standing charges compared to unit rates, the purchase prices to be paid by YPO for later tranches, taking account of the recent freeze, and usage levels, especially over the winter period. It has been currently estimated that, based on forecasts prices from April 23 after the current price cap is replaced with a discount scheme, the forecasts costs for 23-24 for gas & electric use in buildings will be £7.5m higher than the original 22-23 budget levels.
- 7.4 Additionally, food price inflation is adversely affecting the catering service and, whilst plans (changing menus etc) are in place to mitigate this, it is unlikely that this can be fully counteracted. Overall, the net extra inflationary impact on food costs is forecast to be £0.37m. This being subsequent to a further review after recent contract price increases from September 22.
- 7.5 Excluding extraordinary inflationary impacts and movement from reserves, the Department would otherwise have a forecast underspend of £1.3m. Underspends are forecast for Rev's & Ben's (£0.4m), Human Resources (£0.3m) and Finance & Procurement (£0.2m), primarily due to vacancies. These more than offset forecast overspends in Estates (£0.2m) & City Centre Catering (£0.1m). ICT forecast is for a roughly balanced position assuming pressures (increased staffing levels, data & licensing costs) are managed down via a combination of offsetting savings, a planned reduction in agency and further funding for Children's work. R&B forecast assumes any shortfall in costs recovery income can be mitigated.
- 7.6 These forecasts also include the net impacts of pre-existing and ongoing pressures, including on trading with schools such as PACT HR (£0.1m), ICT (£0.4m) and rental income within Estates (£0.25m). ISG is now forecast to underspend in 22-23, after provision of the pay award budget, as income levels have increased in line with rising costs.
- 7.7 This overall forecast overspend is also after allowing for the use of £2.7m of reserves set aside at the end of 2021-22 to cover known short term ongoing Covid related impacts. £2.3m of this relates to Council wide PPE (Personal Protective Equipment) stocks, £0.2m for ICT and £0.2m combined across other council services.

## **General Fund**

- 8.1 The General Fund which provides budgets for the West Yorkshire Combined Authority, Capital Financing, and contingencies amongst others is forecast to underspend by £22.0m. The forecast underspend results from the following
- 8.2 A c£13.2m forecast overspend on Pay award (now forecast at c£19m 6.8% vs c£6m 2% budgeted),

offset by

- £3.5m Corporate Contingency,
- £22.7m draw down of unbudgeted reserves following Phase 1 and 2 of the reserves review.
- £1m in year saving from funding some Directly revenue financed capital expenditure from borrowing instead.
- £2m from planning to use additional capitalisation/ capital flexibilities.
- £2m from MRP saving on PFI costs.
- £0.7m from prepaying Pension contributions in 2022-23.
- £1.6m from reducing Bad Debt provisions following a review.
- £0.9m reduction in the cost of National insurance following the decision to reverse prior increases from 1st November 2022.
- £0.3m rebate in relation to Leeds City Region business rates pool.
- £0.4m dividend from the Leeds City Region Revolving Investment Fund.
- 8.3 Other mitigating actions are being explored as outlined in section 3.

#### Reserves

9.1 At 31st December 2022 reserves stand at £174.9m (Council £128.4m and Schools £46.5m).

	Closing Balance 2020-21 £m	Closing Balance 2021-22 £m	Opening Balance 2022-23 £m	Net Movement	Balance as at 30 <sup>th</sup> September 2022 £m
Council reserves	256.5	228.2	228.2	-99.8	128.4
Schools Delegated budget	42.9	46.6	46.6	-0.1	46.5
Total	299.4	274.8	274.8	-99.9	174.9

- 9.2 The Council has £19.5m of General Fund reserves.
- 9.3 Overall, reserve levels have reduced significantly in 2022-23. £99.9m of reserves have already been drawn down in 2022-23 as outlined in Appendix 2.
- 9.4 Other reserves will also get drawn down at year end to pay for earmarked commitments, and any year end overspend in 2022-23 will also have to be funded from reserves.

#### School Balances

10.1 The table below shows the School Reserves (including Schools Contingencies) position as at 31st of March 2022. Schools do not report their quarter two financial position for 2022-23 until the end of October 2022.

Balance 1st April	Balance 31st	Movement
2022	March 2022	

	Nos	£000	Nos	£000	Nos	£000
Nursery	7	1,347	7	1,120	0	227
Primary	67	8,960	61	7,000	6	1,960
Secondary	6	(2,400)	4	2,384	2	(4,784)
Special	3	2,822	3	1,098	0	1,724
Pupil Referral Units (PRU)	1	386	1	689	0	(303)
Subtotal	84	11,115	76	12,291	8	(1,176)
School Contingency		33,825		32,662	0	1,163
Other Activities/Closed Schools		615		615	0	0
Total	84	45,555	76	45,568	8	(13)

- There are three schools (one maintained nursery school, two primary schools) that are currently forecasting deficit revenue balances at 31 March 2023, with a combined deficit value of £0.092m.
- Eight schools have converted to academy status in 2022-23.

## **Capital Expenditure**

- 11.1 The Council continues to seek to deliver a large capital programme across the District, which will provide improved facilities and infrastructure to support the delivery of the Council Plan.
- 11.2 The profiled resource position for 2022-23 for the Capital Investment Plan stands at £191.4m. To the end of December there has been total spend of £102.5m. A summary by service is shown below with a detailed monitor in Appendix 3.

Directorate	Q2 Budget	Changes	Re profiled Budget 22-23	Spend 31 Dec 2022	Budget 23-24	Budget 24-25	Budget 25-26 onwards	Total
	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m
Health and Wellbeing	3.0	0.3	3.3	1.0	2.5	3.3	4.8	13.9
Children's Services	13.6	0	13.6	6.6	11.6	3.3	1.2	29.7
Place - Economy & Development Services	51.1	0	51.1	18.4	46.6	27.3	10.4	135.4
Place - Planning, Transport & Highways	40.9	16.6	57.5	35.5	72.1	38.0	120.2	287.8
Place – Other	18.8	0.1	18.9	9.6	26.7	23.1	14.8	83.5
Corp Service – Estates & Property Services	39.9	4.5	44.4	31.4	13.1	10.4	4.8	72.7
TOTAL - Services	167.3	21.5	188.8	102.5	172.6	105.4	156.2	623.0
Reserve Schemes & Contingencies	3.1	-0.5	2.6	0	72.7	108.1	79.3	262.7
TOTAL	170.4	21.0	191.4	102.5	245.3	213.5	235.5	885.7

- Overall there has been an increase in the total budget of £59.9m to £885.7m. The main changes relate to:
  - New grant funding in Highways, including £53.3m for the CRSTS Traffic Management Systems Grant and £4.9m for Safer Roads.
  - Additional budget on current schemes funded by grants, the main ones being LAD £0.6m, Taxi Electric Vehicle Charging Infrastructure

- 11.4 Other changes since Quarter 2 are:
  - Items moved from Reserve schemes including Building Controls, £2.5m is now part of the Carbon Programme budget.
- 11.5 Currently there is a £0.3m forecasted overspend on the Wyke Community Sports Hub scheme and an update will be coming to the Project Appraisal Group and Executive on this and the Sports Pitches Reserve Budget.
- 11.6 Profiling the capital spend between financial years is a key challenge to ensure that the Council borrows at the most cost-effective time. In this quarter 2023-24 Budgets have been re-profiled into future years and Service managers are in the process of reviewing the profiled spend on their capital schemes but further work is required to ensure accurate profiling of the capital spend over the next four years.
- 11.7 It should also be noted that there remains some uncertainty linked to the impact of inflation on capital costs. Generally, inflationary forces are resulting in increased pressures on current projects and there could be higher costs compared to approved budgets. As part of the work on reviewing budget profiles this will also be considered.

## **Capital Programme 2022-23 Update**

12.1 The latest forecast for expenditure for 2022-23 is £166m, compared to a revised budget of £191.4m. Spend to the end of December 2022 is £102.5m. A summary by service is shown below with a detailed monitor in Appendix 2.

Budget, forecast and spend to date as at 31 December for 2022-23

	Revised Budget 2022-23	Annual Spend Forecast	Variance	Spend 31 Dec 2022	Spend to date as a % of forecast
	£m	£m	£m	£m	%
Health and Wellbeing	3.3	2.1	1.2	1.0	47.6
Children's Services	13.6	11.3	2.3	6.6	58.4
Place - Economy & Development	51.1	34.9	16.2	18.5	53.0
Place - Planning, Transportation & Highways	57.5	59.3	-1.8	35.4	59.7
Place – Other	18.9	18.5	0.4	9.6	51.9
Corporate Resources – Estates & Property	44.4	39.5	4.9	31.4	79.5
Reserve Schemes & Contingencies	2.6	0.4	2.2	0	0
TOTAL - All Services	191.4	166.0	25.4	102.5	61.7

- There is a forecast capital programme variance of £25.4m between the budget and the latest expenditure forecast. In Planning, Transportation & Highways forecast spend is higher than budget due to the bringing forward of spend on Street Lighting Replacement. Budget from future years will be used to fund this.
- 12.3 Overall spend is significantly higher than at this time in the previous two years but they were impacted by delays due to Covid. Scheme phasing will continue to be monitored to ensure that it is accurate and realistic.

## **New Capital Schemes**

12.4 No new schemes have been identified for the 2022-23 capital programme. New schemes for the 2023-24 programme have been included in the 2023-24 Budget Proposals Report.

## **Capital Resources**

- 12.5 Capital receipts from the sale of fixed assets are £3.2m to date and the Council has met the target of £3m in capital receipts for the year. The Council has received an additional £20.4m in capital grants and contributions so far this year.
- 12.6 £5.5m of PWLB loans matured in January and £10.0m is due to mature in March 2023 with an average rate of interest of 6.85%. New borrowing undertaken to date is £45m with an average interest rate of 3.55%.

#### **Council Tax and Business Rates Collection Fund**

- 13.1 Council Tax and Business Rates are paid into a separate account, from which precepts (distributions) are paid to Bradford Council, the Government, the police and fire authorities.
- 13.2 Bradford will be paid over its budgeted Council Tax precept (£221.4m) in 2022-23.
  - However, a Council Tax collection fund deficit (the difference between the amount budgeted and paid, and the amount collected) of £0.165m is forecast for 2022-23, of which the Council's share will be £0.138m. In line with the way that the national Collection Fund system operates, this will have to be factored into the 2023-24 budget and repaid to the Collection fund in 2023-24.
- 13.3 Regarding Business Rates, the Council will be paid its budgeted Business Rates of £57.1m in 2022-23. A Business Rates collection fund deficit of £1.8m is forecast for 2022-23. As with Council Tax, this forecast deficit will need to be factored into the 2023-24 budget and repaid to the Collection fund in 2023-24.

#### 14.0 RISK MANAGEMENT

• The financial risks of future known and uncertain liabilities are being addressed through contingencies and provisions outlined in this report.

## 15.0 LEGAL APPRAISAL

 This report is submitted to the Executive in accordance with the Budget and Policy Framework Procedure rules. There are no other legal implications arising from this report.

#### 16.0 OTHER IMPLICATIONS

# 17.0 EQUALITY & DIVERSITY None 18.0 SUSTAINABILITY IMPLICATIONS None 19.0 **GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS IMPACTS** None 20.0 COMMUNITY SAFETY IMPLICATIONS None 21.0 HUMAN RIGHTS ACT None 22.0 TRADE UNION None 23.0 WARD IMPLICATIONS None 24.0 IMPLICATIONS FOR CHILDREN & FAMILIES None ISSUES ARISING FROM PRIVACY IMPACT ASSESMENT None 26.0 NOT FOR PUBLICATION DOCUMENTS None 27.0 RECOMMENDATIONS That the Committee 27.1 Review and comment on the Qtr 3 Finance Position Statement for 2022-23 28.0 APPENDICES Appendix 1 Benchmark Spend by Service Appendix 2 Reserves Statement Appendix 3 Capital Investment Plan

Appendix 4 Strategic Risk Register

## 29.0 BACKGROUND DOCUMENTS

- Qtr 2 Finance Position Statement for 2022-23 Executive 5<sup>th</sup> November 2022
- Qtr 1 Finance Position Statement for 2022-23 Executive 5<sup>th</sup> July 2022
- 2021-22 Finance Position Statement Executive 5th July 2022
- Qtr 4 Finance Position Statement Executive 5<sup>th</sup> April 2022
- The Council's Revenue Estimates for 2022/23 updated Budget Council 17<sup>th</sup> Feb 2022
- 2020-21 Finance Position Statement Executive 6<sup>th</sup> July 2021

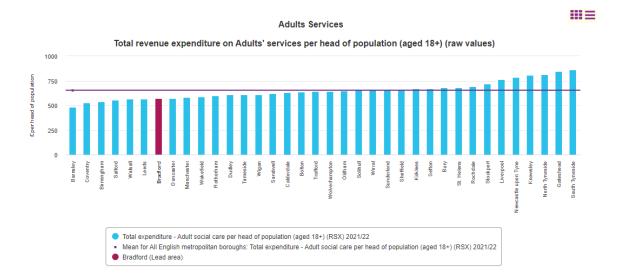
## **Benchmark Spend data**

Appendix 1

**Health & Wellbeing** 

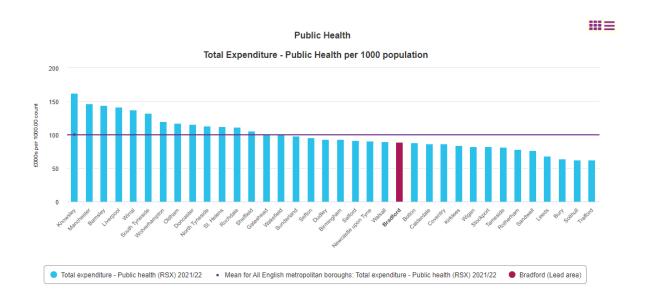
#### **Adult Services**

Spend on Adult Services per head of adult population in Bradford has been low for many years. The Service has a good record of prevention, and there have been improvements in inspection outcomes in recent years



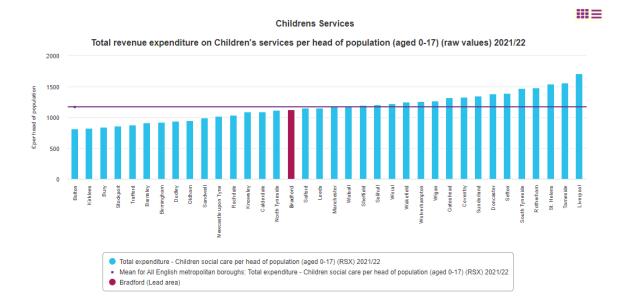
## **Public Health**

Public Health spend is driven by the Public Health grant which is based on a national formula and distributed by Government. Spnd per 1,000 population is close to benchmark averages.



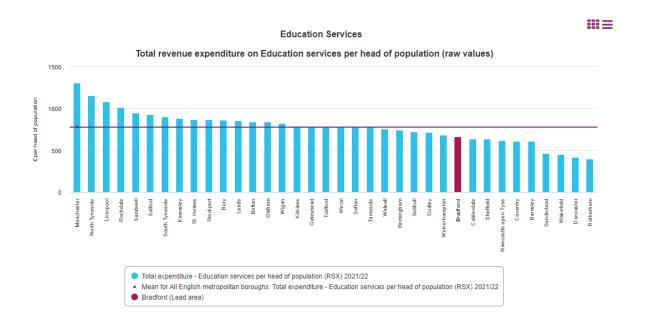
#### Children's Services

Spend per head (aged 0-17) on Childrens Services was relatively low in 2021-22. As a result of growth in spend in Childrens Social Care as outlined in the Departmental Commentary (Section 4), this will likely have increased since then. The below benchmark group is in comparison to Met Councils. When compared to Childrens Statistical Nearest Nieghbours, spend on Children's Services was above benchmarks in 2021-22.



## **Education Services**

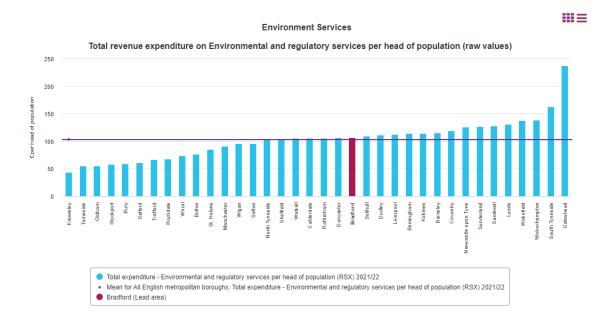
Spend per head on Education Services is relatively low in Bradford.



## **Department of Place**

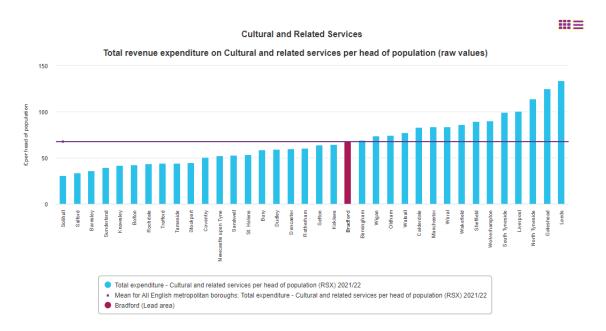
## **Environment Services**

Spend on Environment Services includes Waste Services, Bereavements, Environmental Health, Housing Standards and other regulatory services. Spend per head of population was close to the benchmark average in 2021/22.



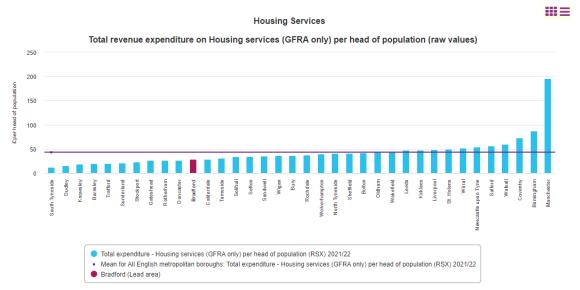
## **Cultural and Related Services**

Spend on Culture Related services is relatively low.



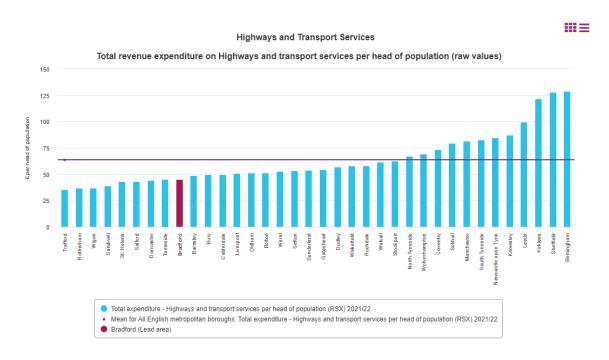
## **Housing Services**

Spend per head of population on general fund related Housing Services per head of popultion is relatively low in Bradford



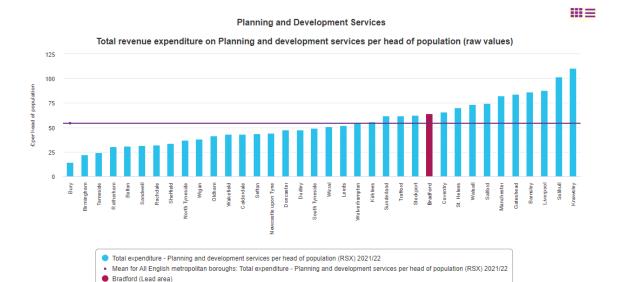
## **Highways and Transport Services**

Spend on Highways and Transport Serivces is relatively low in Bradford in comparison to benchmarks



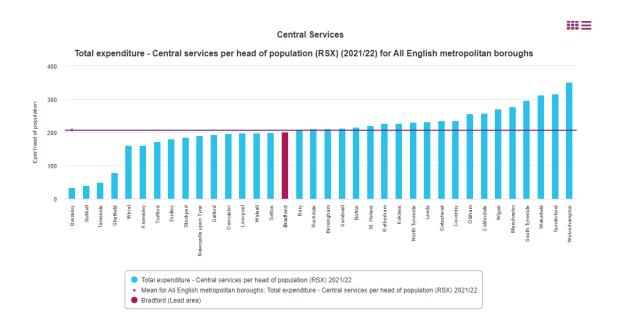
## **Planning and Development**

Planning and Development includes Planning, Building Control and Economic Development. Spend per head of population was slightly above the average of benchmarks in 2020-21.



## **Central Services**

Spend on Central Services (mostly Corporate Resources and Chief Execs) per head of population was slightly lower than the average of benchmarks.



## Reserves Statement as at 31st December 2022

# Appendix 2

	Opening Balance £000	Movement in 2022-23 £000	Closing Balance £000	Comments
A. Reserves available to support the annual revenue bu Unallocated Corporate Reserves	u <b>dget</b> 10,700	-10,700	0	This reserve has been earmarked as part of 2022-23 budget for Social care purposes (Adults and Children) See Social Care pressures reserve
Total available Unallocated Corporate Reserves	10,700	-10,700	0	
B Corporate Earmarked Reserves to cover specific fire	nancial risk or fund specif	fic programmes of work	<b>.</b>	
ESIF – STEP	746	0	746	Funding to support young and disadvantaged people into
Exempt VAT	3,000	-3,000	0	employment Amount set aside to meet the estimated cost of VAT that the Council would not be able to recover should it exceed its partial exemption limit. £1m reduction per
PFI credits reserve	490	0	490	Budget. Funding to cover outstanding potential Building Schools for the Future
Economic Partnership Reserve	157	-157	0	liabilities. To support the development of the strategic economic plan within Department of
Regional Growth Fund	3,611	-2,023	1,588	Place To support strategic plans within Department of
Regional Revolving Investment Fund	625	-625	0	Place Money set aside in 2013- 14 carried forward to meet the Council's commitment to the Regional Revolving

	Opening Balance	Movement in 2022-23	Closing Balance	
	£000	£000	£000	Comments Investment
Discretionary Social Fund	1,226	-600	626	Fund. To fund a replacement local welfare scheme following the government ending its Local Welfare Assistance
Transitional and Risk Reserve	8,135	-8,135	0	grant programme at 31 March 2015. To help fund
	,	,		Transitional work, and cover risks.
Dilapidation & Demolition	1,377	0	1,377	At the end of a lease on a building, the Council will be liable for any dilapidations of the building. The Council also plans some demolition work.
Strategic Site Assembly	309	-309	0	Amounts to help fund strategic site acquisition.
Implementation Reserve	1,504	-12	1,492	To fund Projects associated with delivering savings plans.
Insurance Risk	4	-4	0	Reserve reduced as part of 2021- 22 budget setting.
NDR (Non Domestic Rates) Volatility Reserve	1,378	-1,378	0	Additional S31 grant to offset NDR deficit resulting from govt policy Reduced as part of 2021- 22 budget setting
Redundancy Reserve	3,748	0	3,748	To provide for the costs of future redundancies
Leeds City Region WYTF	421	-421	0	Contribution to WY Transport
Leeds City Region Economic Development	402	0	402	Fund Match fund for urban centre
Financing Reserve (MRP)	52,573	0	52,573	regeneration Reserve resulting from MRP policy change.
Financing Reserve 2019/20	1,000	-1,000	0	Reduced to £0 as part of 2022-23
Markets Compensation	801	-311	490	budget Statutory compensation obligation for terminating tenancies

		Movement in		
	Opening Balance	2022-23 £000	Closing Balance	Commonte
Finance Works Reserve	<b>£000</b> 154	0	£000 154	Reserve to fund additional project Finance Work including Collection fund improvements and CCAB
ICT Programmes Budget	475	-475	0	apprentices To fund future
S31 Business Rate Grants Reserve	19,180	-19,180	0	ICT projects Money from Govt to pay for 2020-21 Covid related collection fund deficit. Will be used in 2022-
Indexation Pressures Reserves	136	-136	0	23. Reserve to cover any in year costs above the 2% budgeted pay award Can be redirected pending 21-22 pay award.
Social Care Pressures Reserve	0	0	0	To be used in 2022-23 to fund Social Care pressures. £10m was added to the reserve, and has now been
Project Feasibility Reserve	1744	0	1,744	drawn down. To fund feasibility work associated with major projects
Sub Total	103,196	-37,766	65,430	
C. Reserves to support capital investment				
Renewal and replacement	5,115	-5,115	0	General resource to fund / support the corporate funded schemes in the Capital Investment Programme. It also enables transfer of resources from capital to revenue to fund work associated with business case formation. £1m is earmarked for renewal & replacement of essential IT infrastructure
IT Renewals and replacement	0	1,475	1,475	See above
Markets	41	-41	0	Cumulative Market trading surpluses to be

	Opening Balance £000	Movement in 2022-23 £000	Closing Balance £000	Comments re-invested in
				maintaining market buildings throughout the district.
Sub total	5,156	-3,681	1,475	
D. Service Earmarked Reserves	69,227	-41,672	27,555	See over page
E. Revenue Grant Reserves	20,452	-5,967	14,485	
F General Reserves				
General Fund	19,500	0	19,500	The GF balance acts as a necessary contingency against unforeseen events. The balance represents a minimum of 5% of the Council's net budget requirement in line with guidance.
Schools delegated budget	45,555	0	45,555	Represents in the main balances held by schools as part of delegated budget responsibility. These balances are not available for Council use but are balances attributable to individual schools.
LA Education Reserve	845	0	845	20,100,0
LA Admission Appeals Reserve	173	-120	53	
Sub Total General Fund Reserve & School balances	66,073	-120	65,953	
Grand total	274,804	-99,906	174,898	

# Departmental Earmarked Reserves Statement at 31st December 2022

Adult and Community Services  Integrated Care  Integrated		Openin			
Integrated Care 15,737 -15,737 0 NHS and Council monics used to support ring fenced projects and starting costs linked to the characteristic of the control of the Care Act Places to Grow Old 112 0 112 Funding to cover management and starting costs linked to the transformation of services for old the projects and starting costs linked to the transformation of services for old the projects and starting costs linked to the transformation of the Care Act Places to Grow Old 112 0 112 2 488 To support the implementation of the Care Act Places to Grow Old Reserve 282 0 282 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		g Balance	in 2022-23	Balance	
Great Places to Grow Old 112 0 112 0 112 cure in moine sued to support ring fenced projects and integration of health and social care cure in the project in	Adult and Community Services				
Transforming Systems 4,449 -1,961 2,488 To support the the transformation of services for olde people.  Transforming Systems 4,449 -1,961 2,488 To support the implementation of the Care Act Debit Charles (Care Act Debit Care Act De	Integrated Care	15,737	-15,737	0	Council monies used to support ring fenced projects and integration of health and socia
Transforming Systems  4,449 -1,961 -2,488 To support the implementation of the Care Act Public Health -59 -59 -59 -59 -59 -59 -59 -59 -59 -59	Great Places to Grow Old	112	0	112	management and staffing costs linked to the transformation o services for olde
Health Improvement Reserve 282 0 282  Haw B Covid Reserve 426 -373 53 Remaining Covid related funding.  Haw B Work Programmes 450 -450 0  Total Adult and Community Services 21,515 -18,580 2,935  Children Services  BSF Unitary Charge 9,597 0 9,597  These reserves are being built up to ensure that in the future there is sufficient money available to meet the cost of BSF annual contract payments when the PFI grant the Council receives reduces  BSF Unitary Charge Phase 2 6,795 0 6,795 See above  Travel Training Unit 354 -354 0 To provide trave training to Children with SEND to encourage independent travel.  Retail Academy (Skills for Employment) 51 0 51 Skills for work  SEND Inspection Resource 464 0 444	Transforming Systems	4,449	-1,961	2,488	To support the implementation
Health Improvement Reserve 282 0 282  H&WB Covid Reserve 426 -373 53 Remaining Covidence Reserve 450 -450 0  Total Adult and Community Services 21,515 -18,580 2,935  Children Services  BSF Unitary Charge 9,597 0 9,597 These reserves are being built up to ensure that in the future there is sufficient money available to meet the cost of BSF annual contract payments when the PFI grant the Council receives reduces September 19,597 Travel Training Unit 354 -354 0 To provide trave training to Children with SEND to encourage independent travel.  Retail Academy (Skills for Employment) 51 0 51 Skills for work SEND Inspection Resource 464 0 464 0 464 Workforce	Public Health	59	-59	0	Living Well Service
H&WB Work Programmes 450 -450 0  Total Adult and Community Services 21,515 -18,580 2,935  Children Services  BSF Unitary Charge 9,597 0 9,597 These reserves are being built up to ensure than in the future there is sufficien money available to meet the cost of BSF annual contract payments when the PFI grant the SSF annual contract payments when the PFI grant the SSF annual contract payments when the PFI grant the Travel Training Unit 354 -354 0 To provide travel training to Children with SEND to encourage independent travel.  Retail Academy (Skills for Employment) 51 0 51 Skills for work SEND Inspection Resource 195 -195 0 To provide resource to assist with preparation for inspection. One Workforce Reserve 464 0 464 Workforce	Health Improvement Reserve	282	0	282	implementation
Total Adult and Community Services  Children Services  BSF Unitary Charge  9,597  0 9,597  These reserves are being built up to ensure that in the future there is sufficien money available to meet the cost of BSF annual contract payments when the PFI grant the Council receives reduces  BSF Unitary Charge Phase 2  6,795  0 6,795  See above  Travel Training Unit  354  -354  0 75 provide trave training to Children with SEND to encourage independent travel.  Retail Academy (Skills for Employment)  51  0 51  Skills for work  SEND Inspection Resource  195  -195  0 To provide resource to assist with preparation for inspection.  One Workforce Reserve  464  0 464  Workforce	H&WB Covid Reserve	426	-373	53	
Children Services  BSF Unitary Charge  9,597  0  9,597  These reserves are being built up to ensure that in the future there is sufficien money available to meet the cost of BSF annual contract payments when the PFI grant the Council receives reduces  BSF Unitary Charge Phase 2  6,795  0  6,795  See above  Travel Training Unit  354  -354  To provide trave training to Children with SEND to encourage independent travel.  Retail Academy (Skills for Employment)  51  0  51  To provide resource to assist with preparation for inspection.  One Workforce Reserve  464  0  464  Vorkforce	H&WB Work Programmes	450	-450	0	
BSF Unitary Charge  9,597  0  9,597  These reserves are being built up to ensure that in the future there is sufficient money available to meet the cost of BSF annual contract payments when the PFI grant the Council receives reduces  BSF Unitary Charge Phase 2  6,795  0  6,795  See above  Travel Training Unit  354  -354  To provide trave training to Children with SEND to encourage independent travel.  Retail Academy (Skills for Employment)  51  0  51  To provide resource to assist with preparation for inspection.  One Workforce Reserve  464  0  464  Workforce		21,515	-18,580	2,935	
are being built up to ensure that in the future there is sufficien money available to meet the cost of BSF annual contract payments when the PFI grant the Council receives reduces  BSF Unitary Charge Phase 2 6,795 0 6,795 See above  Travel Training Unit 354 -354 0 To provide trave training to Children with SEND to encourage independent travel.  Retail Academy (Skills for Employment) 51 0 51 Skills for work  SEND Inspection Resource 195 -195 0 To provide resource to assist with preparation for inspection.  One Workforce Reserve 464 0 464 Workforce	Children Services				
training to Children with SEND to encourage independent travel.  Retail Academy (Skills for Employment)  51  0  51  Skills for work  SEND Inspection Resource  195  -195  0  To provide resource to assist with preparation for inspection.  One Workforce Reserve  464  0  464  Workforce	BSF Unitary Charge  BSF Unitary Charge Phase 2				are being built up to ensure that in the future there is sufficien money available to meet the cost of BSF annual contract payments when the PFI grant the Council receives reduces
SEND Inspection Resource  195 -195 0 To provide resource to assist with preparation for inspection.  One Workforce Reserve 464 0 464 Workforce	Travel Training Unit		-354	0	training to Children with SEND to encourage independent
resource to assist with preparation for inspection.  One Workforce Reserve  resource to assist with preparation for inspection.  464  0  464  Workforce	Retail Academy (Skills for Employment)	51	0	51	
One Workforce Reserve 464 0 464 Workforce	SEND Inspection Resource	195	-195	0	resource to assist with preparation for
·	One Workforce Reserve	464	0	464	Workforce

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	Openin g Balance	Movement in 2022-23	Latest Balance	
	£000	£000		Comments
Creative Skills	27	0	27	schemes funded from Leeds City Region business rates pool. Workforce development schemes funded
ICE Advanced Skills	308	0	308	from LCR business rates pool. Training for post 16 Children through Industrial Centres of Excellence.
Sinking fund for bus replacement Reserve	125	-125	0	Reserve drawn down in 2022-23
Prevention & Early Help Investment	2,053	-2,053	0	Remaining balance of Early help budget investment
Elective Home Education	32	-32	0	mvestment
Raising Attainment - Therapeutic Approaches to Learning	457	-457	0	Covid funded
Raising Attainment - Persistence Absence	355	-355	0	Covid funded
Raising Attainment - Language Learning, Phonics, Maths &	1,566	-1,566	0	Covid funded
English Booster-Summer Classes Reserve	309	-309	0	Reserve drawn down in 2022-23
Skills House Reserve	863	-863	0	Reserve drawn
Youth Offer Reserve	569	-569	0	down in 2022-23 Reserve drawn down in 2022-23
Child In Care Council (Participation Officer) Covid Reserve	35	-35	0	Covid funded
Total Children	24,155	-6,913	17,242	
Department of Place City centre regeneration	51	-51	0	Delivery of City Centre Growth Zone
Taxi Licensing	259	-120	139	Statutory requirement to set aside any taxi licensing surplus when setting future
Theatres Box Office	285	-285	0	fees. To fund works associated with Theatres across
Culture Service Transition	76	-76	0	Bradford. To cover costs associated with modernising the service and adopting a different service
Torex	10	-10	0	delivery model. To address e- Govt targets and improve service
Tourism Reserve	15	-15	0	delivery. To develop a new model of volunteer tourism.

	Openin g Balance	Movement in 2022-23	Latest Balance	
Culture Company	<b>£000</b> 73	<b>£000</b> -73	<b>£000</b>	Comments Help create a
Culture Company	73	-10	Ü	Culture
Museum Restoration	76	-76	0	Company Fund for museum
HMO Licencing Scheme	566	0	566	improvement A statutory requirement that fees can only be
				generated and retained within the HMO licensing function.
VCS Transformation Fund	195	-30	165	Developing peer to peer solutions to building capacity within the VCS
Tree & Woodland Planting Fund	76	-76	0	District wide Tree & Woodland planting fund as part of Woodland Strategy.
PT&H - Local Plan Reserve	470	-9	461	For Local Plan
City Park Sinking Fund	888	-738	150	Funding set aside to meet the future maintenance costs of City
European Structural Investment Programme	1,463	-551	912	Park. Match funding
Empty Rates Relief Scheme	500	-500	0	for ESIP Supporting
Private Housing Rented Option	200	0	200	Business Growth Incentives to
Trivate flousing Nemed Option	200	U	200	private landlords.
Homelessness prevention	283	0	283	To fund initiatives to prevent Homelessness.
Longfield Drive Housing Scheme(Council Housing Reserve)	503	0	503	
District Tenants Federation	30	0	30	Funding committed to provide support to District Tenants
Clergy House/Jermyn Court	127	-127	0	Federation Set aside for lifetime maintenance costs of Clergy House/Jermyn Court
Fresh Start	412	0	412	Housing project focussing on offenders
Complex Needs Project	280	0	280	Project to support hard to place vulnerable
Ad:venture & community enterprise Reserve	83	-83	0	homeless people Match funding for a Leeds City Region business
Economic Strategy Reserve	186	-179	7	support project. For delivery of the Economic growth strategy.

	Openin g	Movement	Latest	
	Balance £000	in 2022-23 £000	Balance £000	Comments
Bereavement Strategy	576	-576	0	Reserve to fund the Prudential Borrowing element of the Crematoria Investment
Housing Development Growth Fund	1,282	-1282	0	Programme. Approval obtained to roll over unspent monies in recognition of the need to take a strategic and planned approach to stimulating growth, delivery and spend
Housing CPNI Reserve	724	0	724	A statutory requirement that fees can only be generated and retained within the Housing enforcement function.
Well England Reserve	103	-103	0	Programme provides a range of initiatives to support Health & Wellbeing.
New Projects (Parks, Open Spaces and Libraries) Reserve	641	-441	200	-
Traffic Management Permit Scheme PT6 Implementation Traffic Enforcement Powers	600 93	-600 -93	0 0	
Matching Towns Fund for Shipley and Keighley	324	0	324	Match funding
Local Plan additional funding	300	-300	0	for Towns Fund Funding to help complete Local Plan
Road safety	40	-40	0	
Climate change initiatives Covid Department of Place	705 4,595	-455 -4,595	250 0	Remaining Covid related funding
Department of Place	17,090	-11,484	5,606	Tolatou lanamg
Corporate Resources				
HR - Learning & Development Reserve	854	-499	355	Changing the organisation - vision & values, recruitment & selection, development of managers, performance management, leadership & succession planning.
District Elections	255	0	255	To smooth the cost of District Elections over a four year period
Non Council Events programme	10	-10	0	four year period. To support events put on by non-Council.
Community Support and Innovation Fund	279	-279	0	To support community led service provision and investment in initiatives that

	Openin			
	g Balance £000	Movement in 2022-23 £000	Latest Balance £000	Comments
Subsidy Claim	600	-350	250	engage with vulnerable people. Contingent support set aside to address the fluctuations in the subsidy claims.
Revs & Bens Recovery Costs	211	-211	0	Legal fees linked to Council Tax.
ISG over achievement trading reserve	51	0	51	To support ISG
Bradford Learning Network (Broadband)	160	0	160	Balancing reserve related to Schools Broadband Contract
Emergency Planning Reserve	72	0	72	To cover costs of covering emergency/critic al alert requirements
Energy unit	385	-385	0	To help smooth effect of price
Children's E2E Programme Reserve	564	0	564	spikes.
Climate change Reserve	9	-9	0	
Chief Exec's - Climate Emergency & Sustainability	185	-185	0	
Corporate Resources - Covid Impacts	2,732	-2,732	0	Remaining Covid related monies
5yr invest in Child friendly Dist up to & incl 2024/5	100	-35	65	
Total Corporate Resources	6,467	-4,695	1,772	
Total Service Earmarked Reserves	69,227	-41,672	27,555	

# Capital Investment Plan Appendix 3

	Scheme Description	2022-23 Budget Q2 £'000	Service change £'000	Revised 22-23 Budget £'000	Forecast £'000	Spend updated 31 Dec £'000	2023-24 Budget £'000	2024-25 Budget £'000	2025-26 Budget £'000	2026-27 Budget £'000	Specific Grants, cap receipts, reserves £'000	Invest to Save Funding £'000	Corporate Borrowing	Budget Total £'000
Health and	Wollhaing	1 000	1 000	1 000	1 000	1 000	1 000	1 000	1 000	1 000	1 000	1 000	1 000	1 000
CS0237a	Great Places to Grow Old	1,080	0	1,080	100	21	1,500	2,500	2,961	1,124	0	0	9,165	9,165
CS0237a	Keighley Rd Residential Care Valley View	0	295	295	129	2	0	2,300	2,301	0	0	295	0	295
CS02376	BACES	818	0	818	818	571	750	750	750	0	0	0	3,068	3,068
CS0239	Community Capacity Grant	558	0	558	558	298	0	0	0	0	558	0	0	558
CS0311	Autism Innovation Capital Grant	19	0	19	19	0	0	0	0	0	19	0	0	19
CS0312	Integrated IT system	44	0	44	44	0	0	0	0	0	44	0	0	44
CS0523	Electrical work at residential homes	31	0	31	0	8	0	0	0	0	31	0	0	31
CS0532	Changing Places Toilets P1 & P2	145	0	145	145	48	230	0	0	0	255	0	120	375
CS0535	Beckfield Resource Centre	213	0	213	213	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	213	213
CS0536	Medication and Care Records System	85	0	85	85	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	85	85
Total - Hea	lth and Wellbeing	2,993	295	3,288	2,111	947	2,480	3,250	3,711	1,124	907	295	12,651	13,853
Children's (	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·													
Children's S		C42	0	C43	642	1 420		0	0	0	C42	0	0	643
CS0022	Devolved Formula Capital	643	0	643	643	1,420	0	0	0	0	643	0	0	643
CS0030	Capital Improvement Work	105	0	105	105	37	100	100	100	0	405	0	0	405
CS0240	Capital Maintenance Grant	6,479	0	6,479	4,565	2,499	3,194	0	0	0	9,673	0	0	9,673
CS0244a	Primary Schools Expansion Programme	842	0	842	641	195 680	1,000 600	0	0	0	1,842	0	0	1,842
CS0244b	Silsden School	651	0	651	2,012		l	-	0	0	1,251	0	0	1,251
CS0244c	SEN School Expansions	2,102	ŭ	2,102	1,867	557	3,000	1,684	0		6,786			6,786
CS0362	Secondary School Expansion	669	0	669	351	269	0	0	0	0	669	0	0	669
CS0364	Capital Items Children's Services	0	21	21 44	21 44	21 0	0	0	0	0 0	21 44	0	0	21 44
							. 0	U	U	U	44	ı U	U	44
CS0421	Healthy Pupil Capital Grant	44	0					0	0	_		0	400	400
CS0436	Children's Homes	404	-4	400	400	383	0	0	0	0	0	0	400	400
CS0436 CS0488	Children's Homes Digital Strategy	404 471	-4 0	400 471	400 30	383 28	250	0	0	0	0	0	721	721
CS0436 CS0488 CS0500	Children's Homes Digital Strategy TFD	404 471 724	-4 0 0	400 471 724	400 30 600	383 28 516	250 500	0	0	0	0	0	721 1,224	721 1,224
CS0436 CS0488 CS0500 CS0531	Children's Homes Digital Strategy	404 471	-4 0	400 471	400 30	383 28	250	0	0	0	0	0	721	721

	Scheme Description	2022-23 Budget Q2	Service change	Revised 22-23 Budget	Forecast	Spend updated 31 Dec	2023-24 Budget	2024-25 Budget	2025-26 Budget	2026-27 Budget	Specific Grants, cap receipts, reserves	Invest to Save Funding	Corporate Borrowing	Budget Total
		£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Place - Hou	ısing													
CS0237b	Keighley Rd Extra Care Fletcher Court	62	0	62	62	-196	0	0	0	0	0	0	62	62
CS0308	Afford Housing Programme 15 -18	176	0	176	0	9	0	0	0	0	176	0	0	176
CS0380	Afford Housing Programme 18-21	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total - Hou	sing	238	0	238	62	-186	0	0	0	0	176	0	62	238
		•												
Place - Eco	nomy & Development Services													
CS0136	Disabled Housing Facilities Grant	5,686	0	5,686	5,550	3,746	3,000	4,058	4,058	4,058	8,649	0	12,211	20,860
CS0137	Development of Equity Loans	706	0	706	682	523	700	700	700	0	0	0	2,806	2,806
CS0144	<b>Empty Private Sector Homes Strat</b>	1,000	0	1,000	914	588	0	0	0	0	1,000	0	0	1,000
CS0250	Goitside	0	0	0	0	0	0	178	0	0	0	0	178	178
CS0496	Towns Fund Keighley & Shipley	139	0	139	139	71	0	0	0	0	139	0	0	139
CS0527	Towns Fund Keighley P2	6,646	0	6,646	3,826	617	13,946	10,100	1,500	0	32,192	0	0	32,192
CS0526	Towns Fund Shipley P2	7,061	0	7,061	3,539	145	7,763	9,065	44	0	23,933	0	0	23,933
CS0084	City Park	192	0	192	70	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	192	192
CS0085	City Centre Growth Zone	1,322	0	1,322	25	20	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,322	1,322
CS0291	One City Park	14,080	0	14,080	14,600	8,315	16,000	2,902	0	0	6,990	15,134	10,858	32,982
CS0228	Canal Road	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	100	100
CS0266	Superconnected Cities	829	0	829	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	829	829
CS0265	LCR Revolving Econ Invest Fund	0	0	0	0	0	658	0	0	0	0	0	658	658
CS0107	Markets	0	0	0	0	0	21	0	0	0	0	0	21	21
CS0363	Markets - City Centre	13,080	0	13,080	5,300	4,558	4,458	325	0	0	3,800	5,364	8,699	17,863
CS0411	Parry Lane	122	0	122	122	66	0	0	0	0	0	0	122	122
Total - Plac	e - Economy & Development Serv	50,863	0	50,863	34,767	18,649	46,646	27,328	6,302	4,058	76,703	20,498	37,996	135,197
	nning, Transportation & Highways													
CS0178	Ilkley Moor	14	0	14	14	1	0	0	0	0	14	0	0	14
CS0285	Blight Sites	190	0	190	375	7	250	250	250	200	0	0	1,140	1,140
CS0071	Highways S106 Projects	441	0	441	134	136	0	0	0	0	441	0	0	441
CS0372	Countryside S106 Projects	150	0	150	70	88	200	0	0	0	350	0	0	350
CS0091	Capital Highway Maintenance	0	0	0	0	-7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
CS0095	Bridges	3	0	3	3	503	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	3

	Scheme Description	2022-23 Budget Q2	Service change	Revised 22-23 Budget	Forecast	Spend updated 31 Dec	2023-24 Budget	2024-25 Budget	2025-26 Budget	2026-27 Budget	Specific Grants, cap receipts, reserves	Invest to Save Funding	Corporate Borrowing	Budget Total
		£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
CS0096	Street Lighting	0	0	0	92	9	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
CS0099	Integrated Transport	69	0	69	5	3	0	0	0	0	69	0	0	69
CS0168	Connecting the City (Westfield)	4	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	0	0	4
CS0172	Saltaire R/bout Cong& Safety Works	15	0	15	15	9	0	0	0	0	15	0	0	15
CS0282	Highways Strategic Acquisitions	176	0	176	0	0	0	0	0	0	176	0	0	176
CS0293	West Yorks & York Transport Fund	8,396	0	8,396	3,558	3,001	11,322	12,937	0	89,897	122,552	0	0	122,552
CS0396	WYTF Corr Imp Projects	293	0	293	348	382	4,331	2,100	2,000	943	9,667	0	0	9,667
CS0296	Pothole Funds	1,979	0	1,979	1,979	2,438	0	0	0	0	1,979	0	0	1,979
CS0306a	Strategic Transport Infrastructure Priorities	0	0	0	0	0	965	0	0	0	0	0	965	965
CS0302	Highways Prop Liab Redn Strat	47	0	47	0	0	0	0	0	0	47	0	0	47
CS0319	Challenge Fund	404	0	404	480	486	0	0	0	0	404	0	0	404
CS0323	Flood Risk Mgmt	0	532	532	532	359	0	0	0	0	532	0	0	532
CS0370	LTP IP3 Safer Roads	23	0	23	0	0	0	0	0	0	23	0	0	23
CS0386	Cycling & Walking Schemes LTP3	17	0	17	0	0	0	0	0	0	17	0	0	17
CS0414	LTP IP3 Safer Roads	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
CS0398	Bfd City Ctre Townscape Heritage	1,397	0	1,397	1,397	954	1,000	0	0	0	2,224	0	173	2,397
CS0430	Hwys Maint Fund Oct18	214	0	214	214	76	0	0	0	0	214	0	0	214
CS0432	Steeton/Silsden Crossing	21	0	21	233	236	0	0	0	0	21	0	0	21
CS0450	CILS payments	0	106	106	106	106	0	0	0	0	106	0	0	106
CS0453	IP3 Safer Roads 19-20	4	0	4	0	4	0	0	0	0	4	0	0	4
CS0454	Area Comm ITS 19-20	0	0	0	24	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
CS0434	Smart Street Lighting	4,972	0	4,972	11,294	7,528	29,573	5,261	0	0	0	39,806	0	39,806
CS0455	IP4 projects	1,135	0	1,135	1,136	647	0	0	0	0	1,135	0	0	1,135
CS0456	WY Integrated UTMC Centre	0	0	0	53	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
CS0464	Ben Rhydding Railway Station Car Park	0	0	0	0	1	0	1,042	750	259	2,051	0	0	2,051
CS0467	Transforming Cities Fund (TCF)	2,967	5,300	8,267	8,535	3,836	0	0	0	0	2,967	0	5,300	8,267
CS0469	IP4 Safer Roads 20-21	143	0	143	143	272	0	0	0	0	143	0	0	143
CS0470	IP4 Safer Roads 21-22	635	0	635	802	103	0	0	0	0	635	0	0	635
CS0529	Safer Rds 22-23	932	233	1,165	1,165	189	1,164	1,164	1,164	1,164	5,821	0	0	5,821
CS0483	Motorcycle Parking	40	0	40	0	0	0	0	0	0	40	0	0	40
CS0486	Active Travel Fund Programme	1,329	0	1,329	1,256	312	0	0	0	0	1,329	0	0	1,329
CS0494	City Centre Bollards	5	0	5	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	5
CS0502	Corridor Improvement Prog (CIP2)	252	0	252	252	-206	0	0	0	0	252	0	0	252

	Scheme Description	2022-23 Budget Q2	Service change	Revised 22-23 Budget	Forecast	Spend updated 31 Dec	2023-24 Budget	2024-25 Budget	2025-26 Budget	2026-27 Budget	Specific Grants, cap receipts, reserves	Invest to Save Funding	Corporate Borrowing	Budget Total
		£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
CS0477	CCTV Infrastructure	698	0	698	698	156	0	0	0	0	0	0	698	698
CS0512	Naturalising Bradford Beck	1,571	0	1,571	1,571	472	1,000	450	0	0	1,511	0	1,511	3,021
CS0533	UTMC – CRSTS Traffic Mgmt System	1,150	0	1,150	1,150	793	1,150	1,150	1,150	1,150	5,750	0	0	5,750
CS0539	Traffic Management	230	0	230	230	2	0	0	0	0	0	230	0	230
CS0542	UTMC – CRSTS Traffic Mgmt System22-23	149	10,508	10,657	10,657	3,187	10,657	10,657	10,657	10,657	53,285	0	0	53,285
Total Place	- Planning, Transportation & Highways	30,065	16,679	46,744	48,526	26,087	61,612	35,011	15,971	104,270	213,781	40,036	9,791	263,608
Dept of Place	ce - Clean Air Zone													
CS0471	Clean Air Zone	10,847	0	10,847	10,771	9,418	10,335	3,000	0	0	24,182	0	0	24,182
Total Place	- Clean Air Zone	10,847	0	10,847	10,771	9,418	10,335	3,000	0	0	24,182	0	0	24,182
-	ce - Waste, Fleet & Transport	2.000		2.000	2 000	4 244		0	•			2.000		2 000
CS0060	Replacement of Vehicles	3,000	0	3,000	3,000	1,311	0	0	0	0	0	3,000	0	3,000
CS0517	Electric vehicles	200	0	200	70	69	608	355	18	0	0	300	881	1,181
CS0435	Sugden End Landfill Site	42	0	42	19	19	0	0	0	0	0	0	42	42
CS0415 CS0359	Shearbridge Depot Security Community Resilience Grant	66 3	0	66 3	0	90	0	0 0	0	0	0	0	66	66
CS0359 CS0497	•		0	*	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0	3 105
CS0497 CS0503	Climate Change Initiatives – Vehicles	105	0	105		88	0	0	0	0	105 0	0		105
CS0503	Environmental Delivery Works	183	0	183	183	88	U	U	U	U	0	0	183	183
Total Place	- Waste, Fleet & Transport	3,599	0	3,599	3,272	1,577	608	355	18	0	108	3,300	1,172	4,580
Don't of Dio	ce - Neighbourhoods & Customer Services						1				1	I		1
CS0466	Parks Depots	-28	28	0	5	А	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
CS0466 CS0378	Customer Services Strategy	-28 30	28 0	30	10	4 0	20	0	0	0	0	0	50	50
CS0578 CS0506	Ilkley Parking	26	0	26	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	26	0	26
CS0506 CS0510	Ilkley Footbridge	35	0	35	0	7	0	0	0	0	0	0	35	35
CS0510 CS0151	Building Safer Communities	35 17	0	35 17	17	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	35 17	35 17
	<del>-</del>	-										_		
I otal Place	- Neighbourhoods & Customer Services	80	28	108	32	11	20	0	0	0	0	26	102	128

	Scheme Description	2022-23 Budget Q2	Service change	Revised 22-23 Budget	Forecast	Spend updated 31 Dec	2023-24 Budget	2024-25 Budget	2025-26 Budget	2026-27 Budget	Specific Grants, cap receipts, reserves	Invest to Save Funding	Corporate Borrowing	Budget Total
		£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Dont of Dia	ce - Sports & Culture	ı	ı		ı	İ	l			ı			1	i
CS0487	Alhambra Theatre Lift	2	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	2
CS0162	Capital Projects - Recreation	73	0	73	73	83	15	0	0	0	13	0	75	88
CS0530	LDP (Active Bradford)	247	0	247	225	23	400	50	0	0	697	0	0	697
CS0229	Cliffe Castle Restoration	8	0	8	8	3	0	0	0	0	3	0	5	8
CS0004	S106 Recreation	7	0	7	7	0	0	0	0	0	7	0	0	7
CS0501	Parks Development Fund	471	0	471	500	126	0	0	0	0	471	0	0	471
CS0504	Cricket Nets	172	0	172	172	156	0	0	0	0	172	0	0	172
CS0404	Sports Pitches	160	0	160	160	216	28	0	0	0	71	0	117	188
CS0537	Silsden Park Section 106 Projects	224	0	224	0	0	0	0	0	0	224	0	0	224
CS0489	Playable Spaces incl Lister Park	1,365	0	1,365	1,351	889	500	0	0	0	350	0	1,515	1,865
CS0403	Bereavement Strategy	9,228	0	9,228	10,000	4,806	10,025	4,200	1,000	0	0	7,000	17,453	24,453
CS0277	Wyke Community Sport Hub	1,170	0	1,170	1,470	1,209	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,170	1,170
CS0508	Theatres Website	45	0	45	45	0	0	0	0	0	45	0	0	45
CS0245	Doe Park	68	0	68	68	32	0	0	0	0	68	0	0	68
CS0461	Shipley Gym extension & equipment	51	0	51	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	51	51
CS0356	Sedbergh SFIP	118	0	118	0	54	0	0	0	0	0	0	118	118
CS0354	Squire Lane	1,228	0	1,228	900	372	15,000	18,510	10,000	3,700	20,000	19,410	9,028	48,438
CS0482	Marley Replacement Pitch	5	0	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	0	0	5
CS0458	Doe Park Drainage	0	40	40	40	39	0	0	0	0	0	0	40	40
CS0395	Ilkley Fencing - West Holme Fields	0	26	26	26	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	26	26
CS0498	Libraries IT Infrastructure	165	0	165	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	60	105	165
CS0509	Libraries (Equipment/Shelving)	172	0	172	125	28	0	0	0	0	172	0	0	172
CS0534	Libraries as Locality Hubs (LIF)	100	0	100	50	3	100	0	0	0	200	0	0	200
Total Place	- Sports & Culture	15,079	66	15,145	15,220	8,037	26,068	22,760	11,000	3,700	22,498	26,470	29,705	78,673
Corp Resou	ırces - Estates & Property Services													
CS0094	Museum Store	250	0	250	0	0	250	0	0	0	0	0	500	500
CS0333	Argus Chambers / Britannia Hse	151	0	151	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	151	151
CS0511	Property Programme 21-22	1,191	0	1,191	1,191	712	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,191	1,191

	Scheme Description	2022-23 Budget Q2	Service change	Revised 22-23 Budget	Forecast	Spend updated 31 Dec	2023-24 Budget	2024-25 Budget	2025-26 Budget	2026-27 Budget	Specific Grants, cap receipts, reserves	Invest to Save Funding	Corporate Borrowing	Budget Total
		£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
CS0528	Property Programme 22-23	2,003	0	2,003	1,500	585	2,000	0	0	0	0	0	4,003	4,003
CS0540	ISG Door Router	17	0	17	17	3	0	0	0	0	17	0	0	17
CS0460	Mitre Court CPU Property & Equip	0	30	30	103	103	0	0	0	0	30	0	0	30
CS0230	Beechgrove Allotments	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	148	0	148	0	0	148
CS0050	Carbon Management	209	0	209	209	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	209	209
CS0476	Carbon & Other Management EfficienciesP2	0	450	450	450	234	800	500	750	0	0	0	2,500	2,500
CS0420	Electric vehicle charging Infr (Taxi Scheme)	249	410	659	597	452	0	0	0	0	659	0	0	659
CS0495	Bradford LAD Scheme	1,749	3,630	5,379	5,379	4,516	0	0	0	0	5,379	0	0	5,379
CS2000	DDA	40	0	40	40	0	50	81	0	0	0	0	171	171
CS0381	Godwin St	12,312	0	12,312	9,434	5,472	3,000	2,000	0	0	570	15,242	1,500	17,312
CS0409	Coroner's Court and Accommodation	1,015	0	1,015	560	167	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,015	1,015
CS0445	Core IT Infrastructure	2,400	0	2,400	2,400	2,183	4,000	2,360	0	0	0	0	8,760	8,760
CS0515	IT – End to End	330	0	330	330	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	330	330
CS0514	Birksland - Mail & Print Machine	72	0	72	60	60	0	0	0	0	0	0	72	72
CS0520	Regeneration Opportunity	16,500	0	16,500	16,500	16,484	2,500	5,500	4,000	0	4,000	0	24,500	28,500
CS0521	Buttershaw Youth Centre	30	0	30	30	30	0	0	0	0	0	0	30	30
CS0522	Children's Homes Capital Works	294	0	294	150	67	0	0	0	0	0	0	294	294
CS0525	Baildon Library	945	0	945	550	342	500	0	0	0	1,000	0	445	1,445
Total Corp	Resources – Estates & Property Services	39,757	4,520	44,277	39,500	31,412	13,100	10,441	4,898	0	11,803	15,242	45,671	72,716
Reserve Sch	nemes & Contingencies	Ī	ı		ı							<u> </u>		l I
CS0395z	General Contingency	453	-14	439	439	0	1,000	1,000	1,000	0	0	0	3,439	3,439
CS0395x	Ilkley Fencing - West Holme Fields	80	-80	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
CS0397z	Property Programme	0	0	0	0	0	2,000	2,000	4,000	4,000	0	0	12,000	12,000
CS0399z	Strategic Acquisition	0	0	0	0	0	10,000	10,000	13,460	10,000	0	43,460	0	43,460
CS0367z	King George V Playing Fields	0	0	0	0	0	1,020	0	0	0	700	0	320	1,020
CS0400z	Keighley One Public Sector Est	0	0	0	0	0	9,500	4,000	4,500	0	0	18,000	0	18,000
CS0402z	Canal Road Land Assembly	0	0	0	0	0	450	0	0	0	0	0	450	450
CS0401z	Depots	0	0	0	0	0	0	2,000	1,000	0	0	0	3,000	3,000
CS0485z	Advanced Fuel Centre & Vehicles 2018-19 Schemes	0	0	0	0	0	1,040	3,254	1,736	0	64	5,466	500	6,030
CS0404z	Sports Pitches	286	0	286	0	0	2,500	4,250	1,748	0	2,383	0	6,401	8,784

		2022-23		Revised		Spend					Specific Grants, cap	Invest to		
		Budget	Service	22-23		updated	2023-24	2024-25	2025-26	2026-27	receipts,	Save	Corporate	Budget
	Scheme Description	Q2	change	Budget	Forecast	31 Dec	Budget	Budget	Budget	Budget	reserves	Funding	Borrowing	Total
		£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
CS0489z	Playgrounds	587	0	587	0	0	2,750	500	0	0	1,035	0	2,802	3,837
CS0405z	City Hall	0	0	0	0	0	5,000	3,000	3,500	500	2,000	5,000	5,000	12,000
CS0407z	Affordable Housing	0	0	0	0	0	5,000	10,000	10,000	4,224	14,430	14,794	0	29,224
CS0408z	City Village - Top of town	0	0	0	0	0	0	2,675	0	0	0	0	2,675	2,675
	2020-21 Schemes													
CS0060z	Vehicles	0	0	0	0	0	3,000	3,000	0	0	0	6,000	0	6,000
CS0060zb	Electric vehicles/ New street cleansing	0	0	0	0	0	623	0	0	0	0	623	0	623
CS0472z	District Heating	0	0	0	0	0	4,752	6,702	2,861	0	6,459	2,871	4,985	14,315
CS0473z	Renewable Energy (Solar Farm)	0	0	0	0	0	1,000	3,000	1,000	0	2,000	3,000	0	5,000
CS0476z	Additional Building controls	450	-450	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
CS0474z	Transforming cities fund	0	0	0	0	0	13,737	44,090	9,444	0	67,271	0	0	67,271
CS0480z	Flood Alleviation	0	0	0	0	0	200	0	0	0	0	0	200	200
CS0484z	New Reserve	0	0	0	0	0	2,000	0	0	0	0	0	2,000	2,000
	2021-22 Schemes	0	0	0	0									
CS0488z	Lap tops for Children	0	0	0	0	0	1,100	1,100	0	0	0	0	2,200	2,200
CS0244z	SEND	500	0	500	0	0	3,000	2,000	500	0	0	0	6,000	6,000
CS0482z	Marley Playing Field	500	0	500	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	500	500
CS0436z	Children's Home	0	0	0	0	0	1,577	1,572	0	0	250	2,653	246	3,149
	2022-23 Schemes	0		0	0									
CS0060w	Vehicles	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3,000	0	0	3,000	0	3,000
CS0395w	Contingency	0	0	0	0	0	0	2,500	0	0	0	0	2,500	2,500
CS0538w	Energy efficiency	250	0	250	0	0	500	500	500	250	0	0	2,000	2,000
CS0144w	Empty Private Sector Homes Strategy	0	0	0	0	0	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	4,000	0	0	4,000
CS0408	Top of Town	74	0	74	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	74	74
Total - Rese	rve Schemes & Contingencies	3,180	-544	2,636	439	0	72,749	108,143	59,249	19,974	100,592	104,867	57,292	262,751
TOTAL - All	Services	170,335	21,061	191,396	166,029	102,565	245,262	213,572	102,349	133,126	478,183	210,734	196,788	885,705

# Bradford Council Strategic Risk Register – Appendix 4 Third Quarter Review 2022-23



Code & Title	SR 01 BCM BCM	Critical facilities			Current Risk Matrix
Description		vices and infrastructure arising from a civil contingency or business continuity incider - premises, IT & communication systems, key staff resource - become unavailable	nt.		Dood Impact
				Likelihood	Impact
	District	Yes	Category	Medium	Critical
Type of Risk	Strategic	Yes	Risk Score	2	3
	Operational	Yes	Total Score		6
Potential Effect of Risk  Internal Controls	The Council The reputat The welfare Increasing i Failure of bu All services Managemer financial yetheir service The Emerge 2004 which	is unable to function - some or all delivery priorities jeopardised. is unable to meet its Corporate targets. ional risk to the Council is adversely effected. and safety of the Council's citizens is at risk. ncidence and impact of service interruption events. usiness-critical systems.  have in place business continuity plans which should be reviewed annually by the Heat Team. These plans are owned by the relevant Service Assistant Director. All plans are and will include specific risk assessments and mitigation in place for different risks as (Annex A), Generic Actions (B) and Specific Action to take in relation to identified risks as (Annex A), and an adversal read to make risk assessments, create emergency plans, communicate with the pub with other responders, make our own business continuity arrangements and promote	across the Council's servant. Plans identify a list of disks (C). If and lead on the requirer lic, co-operate with other	rices will be review critical and statutor ments of the Civil Coresponding organi	ed in the new ry functions for Contingencies Act isations, share
	regional lev organisation • The 7 key d `multi agend of scenarios attacks and	with other responders, make our own business continuity arrangements and promote by the West Yorkshire Resilience Forum, made up of the Blue Lights services, 5 looms such as the Environmental Agency and Yorkshire Water. Such as the CC Act are covered in key work area sub groups; a key group is the Traicy' group is to work in partnership and develop exercises where plans are tested to see, such as incidents caused by bad weather, CBRN (chemical, biological, radiological at more. These exercises are sometimes "live" and may take place in real time, but may comes debriefed for lessons identified which are built back into the plans.	cal authorities, MHCLG, a ning, Exercise and Develor trengthen resilience and and nuclear) events, flood	nd key utilities and opment Group. The overcome weaknes ding, Cyber-attack,	d partner e remit of this eses in via a range terrorist related

	<ul> <li>The Emergency Management Service is on call 24 hours per day, 365 days a year and are responsible for co-coordinating the Council's response to an incident or emergency situation.</li> <li>There is an Emergency Control Centre away from the City should there be an incident affecting these.</li> </ul>				
Assurance Mechanisms	Services' Business Continuity Plans which must be reviewed annually by the Assistant Director (or a nominated deputy) as the plan owner. These plans will be reviewed by the Emergency Management Team and Internal Audit Team.				
Date Reviewed	16/12/2022				
Actions / Controls under development	The Emergency planning Manager is currently working towards securing funding to fund a full time post to manage and work with Service Areas to promote and review Business Continuity Plans.				
Managed By	Susan Spink				
Administered By	Matthew Baggley				

Code & Title	SR 02 HSG Inadequate Housing Supply					
Description	housing construct progress toward requires Local Au position is outsta	raphics and demand pressures, changes in national policy (especially as relatination, leads to an inadequate housing supply in terms of type, quality, accessibility the corporate priority of decent homes that people can afford to live in. In uthorities to open a Housing Revenue Account (HRA) where their stock exceeds anding and we cannot plan a delivery programme until we have a clear under mpact of Covid 19 / inflationary rates on housing supply and demand.	ry and affordability. This wil March 2019 MHCLG publics 200 units. The HRA busin	I impede the Council's ished guidance which ess plan and financial	Impact	
	•			Likelihood	Impact	
	District	Yes	Category	Medium	Critical	
Type of Risk	Strategic	Yes	Risk Score	2	3	
	Operational	Yes	<b>Total Score</b>		6	
Potential Effect of Risk	<ul> <li>Negative impact on regeneration priorities and neighbourhoods.</li> <li>Negative impact and wasted resources associated with a large number of empty homes.</li> <li>Negative impact on health priorities as inadequate housing contributes to chronic health problems, critical incidents such as falls and delays discharge back in to the community</li> <li>Negative impact on education priorities as inadequate housing affects children's educational attainment.</li> <li>Reduced performance on key indicators – net additional homes (CIS_05/ NI 154) and number of affordable homes delivered (NI 155).</li> <li>Negative impact on homelessness and greater use of temporary accommodation</li> <li>'A Place to Call Home, A Place to Thrive, Housing Strategy for Bradford District, 2020-2030' was endorsed at Executive in January 2020 - sets out the vision.</li> </ul>					
	priorities, c and a robus Homelessne actions ider partners an Progress or In February use in the c the District Documente monitoring Number of the Local Ir updated Sti illustrates t District's ho Register of surplus to c	hallenges and approach for meeting the housing needs of the residents of the object evidence base.  The sess and Rough Sleeping strategy 2020-25 for the district was endorsed at Executified for tackling homelessness and rough sleeping over the next five years. We stakeholders.  The strategies is reported annually to Regeneration and Environment Overview 2020, Executive approved to formally adopt the Homes and Neighbourhoods I letermination of planning applications. The purpose of the Guide will be to aching the sets a vision for "green, safe, inclusive and distinctive neighbourhoods that of devidence base for Housing and Homelessness Strategy which reflects anticipal of trends such as Housing Market tracker.  To ther housing related strategies, policies and programmes setting out actions a present Plan, area plans, Great Places to Grow Old programme, Empty Home reategic Land Assessment (SLA) has been published (February 2021) by the Plantage Land Supply position and whether there is sufficient land is made averaging needs including determining whether there is a 5 year supply of deliveral land available for housing was updated and published in Dec 2020. Comprehe levelop a pipeline of sites suitable for housing; will enable us to take a strategic reategic objectives and priorities maximises housing outputs. In August 2020, to	utive in January 2020 - set Vill guide and influence the Wand Scrutiny Committee. Design Guide as a Supplemeve a step change in the quareate healthy communities ated demographic and demographic and Private and interventions to addresses Delivery Plan and Private and Service alongside the ailable during the life of the able housing land (as requires no land and asset of the property of the land and asset of the property of the land and asset of the land asset of the land and asset of the land asset of the land and asset of	and entailed consideral as out the vision, them policies and delivery p mentary Planning Docur uality of new housing of s for all." mand changes and othe as housing supply/ prove e Sector Housing Enforce recent Local Plan con the Local Development P med by Government). T mid bank / sites that havets; one that ensures	es and priority programmes of ment (SPD) for development in r regular vision including reement Policy. An sultation. This lan to meet the Brownfield we been declared best use of land to	

Assurance Mechanisms	of the housing market ensuring assumptions are based on a more up to date needs analysis.  Ongoing monitoring of external factors which may impact on housing development and improvement in the District, such as the impact of Covid19 and Brexit and the potential impact that this will have on developer confidence, general economic conditions and political/ legislative changes such as changes in the approach to provision of affordable housing. These factors taken into account and acted on in development of relevant plans and policies.  Key indicators relating to housing functions reported in the Council Plan.  Development and Enabling team working to maximise the number of new affordable homes in the District through working in partnership with Registered Providers and Homes England to attract affordable housing grant and private finance to support the delivery of new build Affordable Housing schemes. The Council has delivered over 400 affordable housing is maximised through Section 106 planning agreements on larger private development schemes. Housing Standards team apply the Council's statutory enforcement powers to improve the standards of accommodation in the growing private rented sector – dealt with approximately 2160 requests for assistance during 2020/21. (Work is in progress to refresh these figures for the period 2022/23).  The SHMA was updated in 2019 – An addendum was produced February 2021 and this supplements the 2019 SHMA (Refresh of this will be in line with the National Planning Policy Framework).  Work with the Leeds City Region and energy providers to develop and deliver energy efficiency improvements to the District's housing stock.  Invest in a proactive programme of interventions to bring empty homes back in to use.  Allocations Policy which ensures access to social housing and supports employment mobility. Council provides Housing Options service which proactively seeks to prevent homelessness.  Private Sector Lettings Scheme developed to make better use of private rented sector in meeting h				
Date Reviewed	06.01.2023				
Actions / Controls under development	<ul> <li>An updated Strategic Housing Market Assessment (SHMA) and Local Housing Needs National Planning Policy Framework (NPPF) July 2018 brought in significant changes in relation to housing, in particular a new national standardised method for calculating housing need + result in a reduced minimum annual housing need for the District. The Government further reviewed the standard method in a summer 2020 consultation. The final revised standard method was issued in December 2020. This increased the need figure for the District including an additional 35% uplift (allocated to the top 20 cities). The Government is reviewing its wider planning reforms including the approach to housing scale and distribution and anticipate changes in Spring 2023.</li> <li>Local Plan continues to make progress with a Regulation 18 consultation on the Local Plan taking place in February/March 2021. This included a comprehensive set of proposed site allocations and a further call for sites. The consultation progressed on the basis of the meeting the need element of the current standard method housing need figure of 1704 dwellings per annum and not full requirement with the 35% on top (set for the top 20 cities). The Local Plan will progress towards a submission plan over the next 12 months. Work is ongoing to prepare the new Local Plan and this will set out how the district will grow over the next 15-20 years.</li> <li>Facilitate capital investment by partner organisations in order to exploit new financial models for the supply of housing in the District.</li> <li>Consideration of options for the delivery and management of affordable housing by the Council beyond the 2015-2018 Affordable Housing Programme. An internal Growth Board is in situ to govern capital investment / new models of delivery.</li> </ul>				
	Progress is being made with the HRA and a report is due to Executive on the 31st January 2023.				
Managed By	Progress is being made with the HRA and a report is due to Executive on the 31st January 2023.  Angela Blake				

Code & Title	SR 03 DEG Delivering Economic Growth						
Description	Level 3 by 2030. particularly wher Economic uncert COVID-19 impace economy will shr this would mean 2021 will further	nic Growth Strategy seeks to grow the economy by £4 million with an addition. Provision of new, and the maintenance of new and existing infrastructure the development values are low or remediation or development costs are high ainty could delay regeneration and growth impacting on strategic decisions at son the economy are significant and have resulted in the greatest economy in the properties of the economic restrictions imposed to control the a fall in the value of our economy from £9.5 billion in 2019 to a figure of £8 and the properties of the economic growth and will lead to further jobs losses and businesse figures will be updated in-line with that programme of work.	to sustain and unlock new grown h.  and inward investment.  nic downturn on record. OBR ester the community of the Coronavirus. App. 8.4 billion in 2020. Extension of	th is challenging, timates the plied to Bradford restrictions into	Impact		
	•			Likelihood	Impact		
	District	Yes	Category	High	Critical		
Type of Risk	Strategic	Yes	Risk Score	3	3		
	Operational	Yes	Total Score		9		
Potential Effect of Risk	<ul> <li>Inability to raise funds for projects and regeneration projects not completed</li> <li>Potential damage to the Council's reputation and the Economic Partnership</li> <li>Not able to meet member, government and the public's expectations</li> <li>Deteriorating physical and infrastructure assets</li> <li>Young people are not equipped to achieve their potential within the district</li> <li>Business failure rate increases and unemployment increases due to the impact of Covid-19 - still in recovery and work is ongoing to define impact alongside cost of living crisis.</li> <li>Long term cost implications of dealing with social issues linked to economic deprivation</li> <li>Undermine recent progress that had seen Bradford employment rising and a closing gap with the UK on key metrics such as resident based earnings</li> </ul>						
Internal Controls	<ul> <li>Business relocating out of the Districts.</li> <li>Key account management with major businesses and employers to enhance business relationships and engagement with the private sector through various networks e.g. regular Property Forum; City Region joint working; district wide events. Joint attendance with Leeds City Region at Investor events in London progresses engagement with key investors.</li> <li>Comprehensive Invest in Bradford website www.investinbradford.com</li> <li>Partnership working - supporting effective local and regional strategic partnerships e.g. West Yorkshire Combined Authority activity. Growth Deal project development and Economic Strategy in place and progress monitored. Delivery of the £1.4 billion West Yorkshire Economic Recovery Plan.</li> <li>Strategic planning and leadership e.g. Bradford Economic Partnership launched 6.3.18. www.madeinbradford.com</li> <li>Utilisation of housing investment as a key factor in regeneration e.g. to meet affordable homes targets (see separate corporate risk on Housing).</li> <li>Respond to Government consultations and participate on working groups focussing on key policy areas</li> <li>Business Development Zones studies completed for 4 areas in Bradford, Shipley, and two in Keighley</li> <li>Rapid deployment of Government grants to eligible businesses. This has included ensuring that £125 million of Small Business Grant Fund and Retail, Hospitality and Leisure Business Grant Fund has been paid to over 11,000 businesses throughout the crisis - the third highest amount of any city authority district in England after Birmingham and Leeds. A further £6.9 million of Local Authority Discretionary Grant funds has been paid to 639 businesses - the second highest amount after Birmingham.</li> </ul>						

Assurance	<ul> <li>Partnership response developed and survey work undertaken to establish impacts and inform response</li> <li>The Economic Recovery Plan agreed in January 2021 will require significant levels of Government support to address the economic challenges and opportunities presented by Covid-19 and the need to address wider economic trends such as the growth of the digital economy and the emergence of the green economy. (Work is happening on a new economic strategy)</li> <li>Shipley and Keighley Towns Fund Boards established and secured £58m of funding form Government.</li> <li>Development Frameworks have been commissioned to set the vision and ambition for the City and District and to inform future funding rounds, work is ongoing on these for Bradford City, Keighley and Shipley along with detailed master planning for the Southern Gateway. The Development Frameworks will take 9/12 months to complete.</li> <li>Gainshare Capacity Funding has secured which will provide additional capacity and resource to inform future strategic direction. £1.89m has been allocated to Bradford over the next 3 financial years.</li> <li>An Investment Plan has been submitted for the UK Shared Prosperity Fund which replaces European Funding. Bradford has a devolved allocation of £7.5m to deliver outcomes aligned to community infrastructure, business and people and skills. The District will also benefit from regionally delivered programmes. Capacity funding of £400k has also been allocated to Bradford.</li> <li>Four bids have been submitted into Round 2 of the Levelling Up Fund. The total of funding should these be successful is £110m.</li> <li>Relationship management - development and monitoring of benefits from key programmes such as the European Structural Investment Fund (ESIF), Homes</li> </ul>
Mechanisms	<ul> <li>Relationship management - development and monitoring of benefits from key programmes such as the European Structural Investment Fund (ESIF), nomes England. West Yorkshire Transport Plan, Leeds City Region Transport Strategy and related projects, and the Local planning development framework.</li> <li>COVID-19 response reports into Gold / Silver / Bronze command structure.</li> </ul>
<b>Date Reviewed</b>	06.01.2023
Actions / Controls under development	<ul> <li>Implementation of Bradford Economic Recovery Plan and revision of the District Economic Strategy – Delivery Plan in 2021. (Work is happening on a new economic strategy completion dates currently being determined)</li> <li>Next steps towards delivery of the Keighley and Shipley Town Investment Plans, first business cases submitted January 22. Work ongoing and is governed by the Growth Board</li> <li>Implementation of the Bradford District Workforce Plan – initially a COVID-19 proposal to consider scale of Skills House offer</li> <li>Economic Development - service reshaping and restructure progressing.</li> <li>ESIF Programme engagement</li> <li>Maximising opportunities to attract Government funding to support regeneration and economic development activity.</li> <li>Development of Leeds City Region (LCR) pipeline projects; progress Towns Fund Accelerated funding projects for Shipley and Keighley, Getting Building Fund Full Business cases for One City Park, City Village Phase 1 (Markets) and Parry Lane Enterprise Zone.</li> <li>Development of Local Plan</li> <li>Initiatives developed under the Growth Deal to protect priority outcomes</li> <li>Leeds City Region and West Yorkshire Combined Authority action impacting on the District</li> <li>Support for business post Brexit with the LEP</li> <li>Engagement in plans for Shared Prosperity funding in order to maximise future resources</li> <li>Review of Strategic plans underway and employment land research commissioned to identify appropriate interventions</li> <li>NPR growth strategy being developed in consultation with partners. Devo funded Masterplan to be commissioned Jan 2021 – Southern Gateway Board has been established Jan 2023 to govern this work.</li> <li>Review of WY Combined Authority SPA's (spatial priority areas) is being progressed at WYCA.</li> <li>Engagement with WYCA Devolution planning and COVID-19 economic recovery workstream – WYCA Economic Recovery Plan developed and linking to</li></ul>
	Angela Blake
Administered By	Jo Hinchliffe

Code & Title	SR 04 SCC Safe	r Cohesive Community				Current Risk Matrix	
Description		rs that leads to a rising of community tensions, pos- ce, there is a direct impact on managing the outcom	,		,	lmpact	
					Likelihood	Impact	
	District	Yes		Category	High	Critical	
Type of Risk	Strategic	Yes		Risk Score	3	3	
	Operational	Yes		Total Score		9	
Potential Effect of Risk	<ul> <li>Cost of managing response is not contained within existing resources (council, police &amp; partners).</li> <li>Breakdown in relationships between different community groups, leading to protracted tensions that need to be managed.</li> <li>Reduction in levels of community cohesion within the district.</li> <li>Adverse media and reputational damage for the district and key agencies.</li> <li>Less effective engagement with citizens and community groups.</li> <li>Communities believe that some sections are treated differently than others.</li> <li>Disproportionate adverse impact on the district's most vulnerable communities.</li> </ul>						
Internal Controls	<ul> <li>The Stronger Communities Partnership is a Strategic Delivery Partnership reporting to the Wellbeing Board. It monitors delivery of the Council's Stronger Communities strategy.</li> <li>The Safer Communities Partnership is a Strategic Delivery Partnership reporting to the Wellbeing Board. It produces an annual plan to respond to emerging community safety priorities, including issues such as ASB and hate crime, which can have a bearing on community cohesion.</li> <li>The Neighbourhood Service supported by multi agency partners attend a series of Place Based Meetings - reporting community tensions as part of standard agenda - including police, youth service, RSLs etc.</li> <li>Council Wardens record issues that may lead to increased community tensions.</li> <li>Comprehensive action plans ensure each delivery group's objectives are achieved, evidence of effectiveness obtained and performance monitored.</li> <li>Police incidents which may have an impact on tension are shared with relevant partners through a weekly 'tensions monitoring' report.</li> <li>Hate Crime is being monitored regularly and Bradford Hate Crime Alliance is commissioned to lead and support victims.</li> <li>The Counter Extremism and the Prevent Strategy programme reduces risk of extremist influences creating divisions between communities. Regional factors are discussed at a West Yorkshire Level meeting.</li> </ul>						
Assurance Mechanisms	West Yorks     Community     An annual	d working and locality and ward plan assessments p thire Police share their community tension monitorin a Safety Partnership co-ordinates a Reassurance and report on the work of Safer and Stronger Communit a Corporate Overview & Scrutiny Committee.	g with Safer Communities team. Engagement group that convene	s on specific issues as	and when needed.	ellbeing Board and	

<ul> <li>The Council has invested in an additional 15 Assistant Ward Officers and 5 Stronger Communities Partnership &amp; Engagement Officers to increase capacity for response to locality based issues and concerns and to take proactive action to bring people together and celebrate key dates for the districts communities.</li> <li>Area Committees and Executive now have a closer overview of locality plans and response through regular reporting mechanisms.</li> </ul>						
07- Dec -2022						
<ul> <li>New governance arrangements have recently been approved by the Wellbeing Board and the Stronger Communities Partnership is now Chaired by the Portfolio Holder for Neighbourhoods and Community Safety, who also Chairs the Community Safety Partnership Board. Together with the addition of Area Committee Chairs on the Stronger Communities Partnership there is now a strengthened connection to locality and a good 'read through' between the two strategic partnerships.</li> <li>A new Stronger Communities Team has been developed to increase capacity for working with communities, to provide voice and influence to underrepresented groups and to help manage/mitigate the impacts of any tensions. The new team is now in place and is working well. Five Partnership and Engagement Officers will have a focus on locality and a district wide responsibility for two protected characteristics (Equality Act 2010).</li> <li>West Yorkshire Police share community tension monitoring report with relevant Council teams and officers.</li> <li>Social media continues to pose challenges with real and often 'fake news' leading to heightened tensions locally. Increased investment has been made in corporate communications and through VCS communications to promote public safety messaging and respond to inaccurate social media posts with a 'counter narratives' and training on critical thinking skills.</li> <li>Following an extensive consultation process a set of 'Shared Values' have been developed by the Stronger Communities team that seek to strengthen our links with one another and promote care and respect.</li> <li>An anti-rumour strategy is in place.</li> <li>Assistant Director Neighbourhoods has regular calls with senior police colleagues to discuss emerging issues.</li> </ul>						
Ian Day						
Jo Hinchcliffe						

Code & Title	SR 06 ENV Environment and Sustainability				Current Risk Matrix		
Description	Responding to Climate Emergency by management of CO2e (Carbon Dioxide equivalent) emissions, helping to manage rising costs, resource pressures and increasing exposure to penalties as a result of demographic changes and other volume & capacity pressures, changing targets legislation, economic and political pressures. The Clean Air Programme to achieve legal limits for air quality in the District has synergistic effect and benefits as for the CO2e Emission Reduction Programme due to the same emission sources.						
	•			Likelihood	Impact		
	District	Yes	Category	Medium	Catastrophic		
Type of Risk	Strategic	Yes	Risk Score	2	4		
	Operational	Yes	<b>Total Score</b>		8		
Potential Effect of Risk	cause syner Damage to Need to dev Need to re- Reduced ab Amount of e Performanc Performanc Climate "ind drought, hig Toxic emiss Temperatur Lack of robu displacemen the wider Yu Humber est Actions ider Funding for Wider stake Central Gov CO2e emiss Changing le	vironmental and human consequences from climate change. Additional rgistic toxic emissions  Council's credibility as leader if district-wide targets not developed and velop new partnerships with district and citizens around creative, local prioritise and reallocate resources, including structural changes to Coupility to promote external inward investment.  energy costs as gross figure and relative to the size of Council's estate e against corporate carbon reduction target (annual reduction in line we against climate emergency declaration with implicit target of net zero be required to assess progress in this area.  cidents" now certain to increase in both frequency and severity. These generatures, heat waves, cold snaps and high snowfall. Sions from the same CO2e emission sources are likely to cause ongoing reseverity in the District will have implications for energy use in terms and understanding of population and other economic trends but globally not from rising sea levels 77-135 cm by 2100 and water stress / drough orkshire and Humber region as low-lying settlements in the east become cuary. This is in addition to impacts in Lincolnshire and East Anglia as intified in corporate energy cost reduction plan not delivered. The renewable energy production and use and energy efficiency projects of the limit of the improve district housing stock to help reduce energy wastally the energy cost reduction. The production commitments wernment, WYCA, Council and wider community unwilling to accept the sions reduction.  Egislation, political priorities, targets.  Curity causing major fluctuations in energy costs.	d then met. initiatives to enhance sustainability uncil's delivery programme.  e/ activities with corporate target of net zero by ro carbon district by 2038 and signif e will include surface water flooding g significant ill-health among reside s of heating and cooling, including e ly expected to be significant numbe fit. At the higher end of these estim me overwhelmed by water level rise well as other low-lying areas of the not available. age and provide dwellings more resi	y and create circular ed 2038 with significant ficant progress by 203 g, fluvial flooding, high ents. ents of climate refugees mates there will be mu- e affecting smaller tow e UK.	progress by 2030) 0. Additional winds and gales, s. due to ch disruption in vins along the		

Managed By	Andrew Whittles
Actions / Controls under development	<ul> <li>Implementation of WY Environment and Climate Change Plan (2021-24), including various projects to be funded via gainshare and CRSTS funding, to help take the Council's CO2e emissions to Net Zero from 2020 to 2038, with significant progress (to be defined) by 2030.</li> <li>Restructure of Council resource to reallocate Clean Air Plan resource to tackle climate change and promote sustainability, including funding programmes.</li> <li>Developing a Clean Growth Strategy &amp; Implementation Plan to identify activity that will support economic development and provide a platform for inward investment in the District, while reducing harmful emissions cost effectively, through Local and District Plans and cross Department activity.</li> <li>Development of Bradford Transport Strategy, including WY development of Zero Emission Transport Strategy and West Yorkshire Low Emission Strategy (WYLES).</li> <li>Working with partners through developing forums to identify potential courses of action and strategies for climate mitigation and adaptation.</li> <li>Working with WYCA to co-ordinate energy and carbon strategy work and to align with neighbouring district on actions and targets.</li> <li>Damage cost approach to air quality programme to be widened for CO2e emission reduction assessment &amp; evaluation.</li> <li>Development of robust carbon accounting and carbon budgeting processes.</li> </ul>
Date Reviewed	27-12-2022
Assurance Mechanisms	<ul> <li>Managing systems and processes to monitor and report on energy consumption and CO2e emissions to ensure compliance with statutory Carbon Reduction Commitment.</li> <li>Carbon emissions from Council operations published annually (Scope 1 &amp; 2), tracking progress against 2038 target from a baseline in the 2019/20 financial year. Scope 3 emissions (indirect emissions from Council activity – the most significant aspect of Council emissions) will start to be assessed and reported in line with emerging methodology.</li> <li>Carbon Impact Assessments, in line with emerging WY Protocol, for all major schemes</li> <li>Modelling and monitoring of transport and wider emissions &amp; metrics through the Clean Air Plan Monitoring &amp; Evaluation Programme</li> <li>Evaluation and assessment in partnership with WYCA and the West Yorkshire Lead Environment Officer Group</li> <li>Damage cost approach to air quality programme to be widened for CO2e emission reduction assessment &amp; evaluation</li> </ul>
Internal Controls	<ul> <li>Progress on Climate Emergency flagship projects, the Council's own CO2e emission reduction progress and Clean Air Plan delivery reported to Overview &amp; Scrutiny</li> <li>Arrangements with Yorkshire Purchasing Organisation for the monitoring of utility markets and understanding impacts of price volatility.</li> <li>Use procurement processes to secure optimal price advantage in purchasing resources for instance through category management.</li> <li>Sophisticated and comprehensive understanding of corporate resource use profiles and identification of business-critical resource risks in terms of supply and availability or price volatility and impacts on service budgets.</li> <li>Delivering corporate resilience through sourcing renewable local resources where viable such as PV panels, District Heat Network</li> <li>Delivering projects to use resources, such as energy, efficiently and where feasible reducing direct and indirect resource consumption.</li> <li>Delivering projects to produce local renewable energy such as hydrogen, bio methane and solar and air/ground source power.</li> <li>Implementation of the Clean Air Plan, including Clean Air Zone (CAZ).</li> </ul>

Code & Title	SR 07 FRS Financial Resilience and Sustainability					Current Risk Matrix	
Description	This may arise of existing budget. The current live costs and also in future funding,	risk is the demand pressures in Childrens S n terms of the indirect impact upon resident and potential return to some austerity meas n of past and future funding reductions and i	or Council expenditure, income or de ervices and current cost of living imp and business in the District. The on ares post Covid	acts both in terms of direc going impact of Covid, the	t impact on Council uncertainty of	Do odi ja ji	
					Likelihood	Impact	
	District	No		Category	High	Critical	
Type of Risk	Strategic	Yes		Risk Score	3	3	
	Operational	Yes		Total Score		9	
Potential Effect of Risk	<ul> <li>Council could be faced with cutting non-statutory but essential services as resources get diverted to statutory services alone</li> <li>Budget is overspent.</li> <li>Suboptimal decisions could be made.</li> <li>Achievement of priorities delayed or not delivered.</li> <li>Service delivery not achieved.</li> <li>Challenges to governance framework.</li> <li>Deterioration in reputation with knock on consequences.</li> <li>Scarce resources may not be utilised / prioritised to maximum effect.</li> <li>Reduced effectiveness of Council Leadership</li> <li>The Council's budget &amp; setting of Council Tax is challenged.</li> <li>The risk remains for future years though already being planned for through organisational review and new operating models workstream.</li> <li>Central Government funding is still uncertain. Service demand pressures could cause disproportionate budget pressure if not properly funded by government.</li> </ul>						
Internal Controls							

	Christ addresses to December Delice. December on forests to be advented for the forests the forest
	<ul> <li>Strict adherence to Reserves Policy. Reserves are forecast to be adequate for the foreseeable future.</li> <li>Project Appraisal Group established to scrutinise individual capital business cases.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Covid emergency and recovery actions subject to daily CMT discussion and regular Theme led governance and decision taking processes, including clear</li> </ul>
	assessment of financial implications
	Member of WY Finance Group. SIGOMA; CIPFA and subscribe to Pixel financial analysis services to enhance knowledge of national finance position and enhance lobbying for funding
	Governance and Audit Committee received a report on Council's compliance with the CIPFA Financial Management Code
	Extension of budget monitoring processes and use of Business Intelligence reporting through DMTs
	Increased monitoring of high-risk budgets, including review and monitoring of recovery action
	Medium Term Financial Strategy incorporating scenario planning / forecasting / sensitivity analysis, is being continuously updated to take account of national and local funding announcements. The provisional financial settlement notification for 2023/24 was received in December which was marginally less than anticipated.
	Raise financial acumen across the Council to improve decision making
	Implemented Finance for Non-Finance Managers training
-	
Assurance	External Audit inspection of accounts and opinion.
Mechanisms	Internal audit review of internal control mechanisms.
Date Reviewed	13 January 2023
Actions / Controls under development	<ul> <li>A range of budget mitigation actions have been identified by the Councils Corporate Management Team to mitigate budgetary impacts and mitigate the level of potential budget gap.</li> <li>Work continues to identify cost mitigation actions.</li> </ul>
Managed By	Christophor Kincella
Managed By	Christopher Kinsella
Administered By	Mark St Romaine

Code & Title	SR 08 INS Information Security				
Description	Confidential data	a is lost, stolen, accessed or disclosed without authority beca	use of inadequate data security or non-obse	ervance of protocols	Likelihood
				Likelihood	Impact Impact
	District	No	Category	Medium	Significant
Type of Risk	Strategic	Yes	Risk Score	2	2
	Operational	Yes	Total Score		4
Potential Effect of Risk  Internal Controls	Penalty aris Adverse pu Loss of trus Required "6 Inadequate  Designated 3rd tier Offi Cross depa Regular DP Refreshed Assurance IAO respon Monthly re Specific Da IT Security IG Improve Risk Log ag Mandatory Annual SIR Regular Infi Dedicated Dedicated Technologi	st between the Council, its partners and citizens. culture change" is not achieved. e engagement fails to deliver physical security, effective process. It SIRO (Senior Information Risk Owner) –Director of Finance cers (Assistant Directors/Directors) assigned as Information artmental Information Assurance Group established and regulated. SIRO meetings scheduled to focus priorities. IMAG framework launched with Information Governance Cha Operational Network (IAON). Support 3rd tier officers in meet asibilities document circulated to any new IAO's. porting on performance information to CMT. Inta Security Incident Policy and on line reporting form in place of Policies, guidance and procedures actively maintained and rement plan in place to ensure continued compliance with GDI opproved by IAG and regularly updated.  "Information & UK GDPR" learning for all staff with appropria	edures or efficient processes.  & IT.  Asset Owners. lar meetings scheduled.  ampions for each Service appointed by IAOs string their IAO responsibilities.  The with published guidance for Incident owners with published guidance for Incident owners with DP Act 2018.  The and DP Act 2018.  The attendance monitoring.  The attendance with GDPR Article 30 and 37.  The attens (including security) as well as key information of the attention of the at	rs on how to investigate or and Stable the business while	te incidents. Service Champions. e minimising risk to

	<ul> <li>Appropriate physical security mechanisms Buildings are secured to a level commensurate with the nature of the data they contain. Mechanisms are in place to protect physical (paper based) information from creation to destruction.</li> <li>Public Services Network (PSN) compliance achieved which is a rigorous on-going IT governance assessment.</li> <li>Secure e-mail solutions in place for safe information exchange with other public service agencies and 3rd party organisations, Galaxkey in place for external emails and communicated through service DMTs and Managers Express.</li> <li>Regular independent Penetration testing of IT current systems to provide assurance that suitable technical security controls are in place.</li> <li>Penetration Testing on any new system as part of the project implementation phase.</li> <li>24/7 Monitoring of traffic leaving and entering the Bradford Network.</li> <li>Required encryption in place.</li> <li>The council has now moved from SAC B compliancy to SAC D for PCI DSS compliancy, this is where the merchants checks that we have controls in place to handle, process and store card details on our network.</li> </ul>				
Assurance Mechanisms	<ul> <li>Regular Information Governance reporting to CMT and Governance &amp; Audit Committee.</li> <li>Engagement with Information Commissioners Office with prompt reporting and liaison.</li> </ul>				
Date Reviewed	6 <sup>th</sup> December 2022				
Actions / Controls under development	<ul> <li>Review of all IG and Information Security policies.</li> <li>Additional mandatory learning for IAO's and Managers.</li> <li>Part of two national Security initiatives one lead by NCC and one LGA.</li> <li>The Council is midway through the implementation of its multi factor authentication safeguards.</li> </ul>				
Managed By	Christopher Kinsella				
Administered By	Tracey Banfield / Harry Singh / Dominic Barnes-Browne				

Code & Title	SR 12 ADC Adults Demographic Change			Current Risk Matrix	
Description	Ability to deliver the Adults Social Care Transformation Programme priorities is threatened by rising costs and resource pressure changing demographics and changing legislation.			essures due to	Like liho od
				Likelihood	Impact
	District	No	Category	Medium	Critical
Type of Risk	Strategic	Yes	Risk Score	2	3
	Operational	Yes	Total Score		6
Potential Effect of Risk	<ul> <li>Budget proposals highlight this particular pressure as an ongoing concern for the Council.</li> <li>There is a continuing need to re-prioritise and reallocate resources and actions have been identified in preparing budgets for coming years.</li> <li>Conflict between expectations and affordability - standards of service deteriorate as a result of increasing demand and fewer resources, impacting on our ability to meet individual outcomes and legislative duties.</li> <li>Lengthening waiting lists for assessments and provision of care</li> <li>Increases in numbers requiring care</li> <li>Increase in expectations from service users</li> <li>Recruitment delays to bring in social workers and care workers</li> <li>CQC assurance framework outcomes - This will provide addition scrutiny of our Adult social care budget spend, especially on our budget spend in relation to the needs of citizens and how we compare with our statistical neighbours.</li> </ul>				
Internal Controls	our Cound interventi  All DMT n Change w 3-year pla  DMT have	ental Management Team (DMT) has agreed a 3-year plan, which sets cil Plan Commitments for Better Health and Better lives, which focusion.  In the set of the service plans in place which are aligned the 3-year playork stream priorities. The Transformation priorities have also been and also reflect the policy changes/lessons learnt from our Covidermade additional investment in core areas to ensure that we have a pall Delivery priorities e.g. Commissioning, Mental Health, Autism & I	ses on reducing demand through a grean, council plan commitments and also reviewed and updated to ensure that 19 related response.  adequate resources in place to meet be	ater focus on prever include our Transfo they reflect the char oth Transformation a	rmation and early

	Discussions continue to take place with Health partners to identify potential funding streams that could be used to alleviate some of the funding pressures on Adult Social Care due to the increase in demand for services.  The provided by the distance of the provided by the provide
	• The service has refreshed its practice and policy quality assurance framework, and work is underway to implement the new approach through the Raising Expectation Workstream.
	As part of the implementation of our Community Led Support Workstream we are working with public health, place and health partners to enhance our prevention and early intervention offer e.g. Living Well, Community Hubs, community director etc.
Assurance Mechanisms	<ul> <li>The department has implemented robust governance and performance management arrangements to oversee and maintain momentum on delivery, which include:</li> <li>Finance, Performance, Quality and Transformation workstreams (FQPT). The meeting attendees include reps from Corporate Finance Team and HR.</li> </ul>
	The main aim of this meeting is to review budget position and performance management data and identify any pressure areas as well as areas of potential under spend elsewhere in the budget to mitigate and relieve problems, while also reviewing progress against key transformation and change activity which are supporting our plans to reduce budget spend and reduce demand for services. Where problems are still being identified these are highlighted in the quarterly budget monitoring reports to Members.
	<ul> <li>Adult Social Care Reforms: This meeting includes service managers and has oversight of the AD preparation plans for the CQC Assurance Framework and other Social Care Reform related activity.</li> <li>Progress updates are also provided to the Corporate Programme Steering Group.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Implemented the FQPT approach across the AD SMT meetings and within the Service Manager Team Meetings.</li> </ul>
	We have implemented the FQPT approach across the AD SMT meeting on a monthly basis.
	• Where required, DMT have also set up specific task and finish groups to oversee key change activity which may require support from corporate resources e.g. Financial Support Services Improvement Plan.
	Regular performance and progress updates from these groups are provided to Corporate Services and to the Leader and Portfolio Holder highlighting potential issues raised by this pressure.
Date Reviewed	03.01.23
Actions / Controls under development	<ul> <li>Continue to work with Health Partners as part of the integration of health and social care agenda to examine areas where there may be overlaps or synergies that could lead to more efficient ways of working and increasing value for money.</li> </ul>
	Review of population health management approach across the Health and Social Care System, which looks at how data is currently being used to help design a system that allows us to proactively improvement our services and interventions to meet shared outcomes – this will include reviewing the way we currently manage the joint strategic needs assessment, neighbourhood and ward profiles and how they inform and add value to business.

	<ul> <li>Implement plans to enhance our intelligence and insight building on our current feedback arrangements – this includes the Co-Production Partnership, strengthening links with the Linked In campaign overseen by the Health and Care Partnership, and a real time solution to capture the experience of the person following their engagement with the service.</li> <li>Ongoing Review of our continuous improvement and quality assurance frameworks to ensure that the department is prepared for the proposed changes outlined in the Government White paper,</li> <li>DMT leads are now working on their plans for preparing their services for the CQC Assurance Framework. This includes, undertaking a stock take against the criteria and guidance set out both within the draft framework and the Get Ready for Assurance handbook developed by the LGA-ADASS.</li> <li>We have developed a programme of activity to help address workforce capacity challenges both within the Department and our external partners. This work is being done alongside the Bradford Care Association, "One Workforce" Programme, and Bradford Teaching partnership.</li> </ul>
Managed By	Iain Macbeath
Administered By	Imran Rathore

Code & Title	SR 13 DSK Delivery of Skills and Training Priority				Current Risk Matrix
Description	Increasing budget pressure and resource constraints caused by competition for resources required for delivery of skills and training priorities. Need to deal with historical / legacy issues.			lmpact	
				Likelihood	Impact
	District	Yes	Category	Medium	Critical
Type of Risk	Strategic	Yes	Risk Score	2	3
	Operational	Yes	<b>Total Score</b>		6
Potential Effect of Risk	<ul> <li>District becomes unattractive to businesses and employers.</li> <li>Loss of leadership role.</li> <li>Actions detailed in the Workforce Development Plan and Economic Recovery Plan are not delivered, impacting ability to fully realise the district's ambitions for inclusive and clean growth that addresses the underlying challenge that have been exacerbated by the pandemic.</li> <li>Funding bodies releasing new contracts in isolation. Underspend of current funding.</li> <li>Education capital developments not aligned with employer need.</li> </ul>				
Internal Controls					

	<ul> <li>Similar work is being undertaken through the Key Cities network, where the Deputy Leader holds the education and skills portfolio. We have now established a Key Cities Skills Network with Bradford as the secretariat. A skills conference was held in May 2022, and findings were presented at the Key Cities APPG in Westminster in the Autumn.</li> <li>Continuation of implementation of Post-16 Review recommendations overseen by post-16 Board with regular progress reporting. Partnership dialogue, enabled by the Council, is ongoing with a number of providers to develop the approach to improving academic provision in the North of the District. This needs to be carefully managed so as not to impact the wider mix and balance of provision for the post-16 phase. Three applications have been submitted for 1619 Free Schools in the DfE latest funding round – as only 15 schools maximum will be funded nationally (for all age ranges) it may be none are successful but we have worked wth providers to understand their offer and start to build links with other providers in the area, although there has been some initial resistance.</li> <li>Future Boost through funding allocated by the Executive has supported Youth and outreach work, sport and leisure activity, work experience for NEET young people and to enhance the IAG and transition support including a focus on transition support for young people with SEN. Good practice from this and the £500k Community Renewal Fund pilot programme, Building Our Future, is now being incorporated into the future delivery models.</li> <li>SkillsHouse Advisory Board in place to oversee and shape the upscaling of the partnership model, use of the Gainshare funding and the Kickstart programme. The last of the Kickstart placements finished in November and success was celebrated at a well-attended Awards ceremony. Young people from the programme are still being supported to progress into positive destinations. So far the progression rate into employment is considerably better than</li></ul>
Assurance Mechanisms	Bradford Employment and Skills Board established and has oversight of the delivery of the Workforce Development Plan and the employment and skills elements of the Economic Recovery Plan; the Portfolio holder is Chair of the Board.
Date Reviewed	20-Dec-2022
Actions / Controls under development	<ul> <li>Senior management remain engaged with the Combined Authority regarding the devolution to WYCA of the Adult Education Budget and other skills funding such as the pilot Community Renewal Fund which we have successfully delivered in the District. Officers are working to inform future policy, principles and processes through Dobs and the WYCA Employment and Skills Committee commissioned review of the AEB implementation. Work is being undertaken through the Key Cities network, where the Deputy Leader holds the education and skills portfolio to develop the employment and skills network to both identify and promote good practice and engage with the national policy debate.</li> <li>LA holds keep in touch with heads of post-16 in schools, colleges, and other independent learning providers work across our post-16 partnership to continue to build on recent improvements on academic grades at Level 3 and supported the opening of the two new post-16 free schools which will reported strong results from their first cohort of A Level completers this Summer. We continue to develop options for A Level provision in the North of the District where Keighley College is developing an academic offer to complement existing provision, and other partners are exploring options through national funding and capital developments.</li> <li>The LA is working through differing partnerships in the implementation or Workforce Development Plan collaboratively, developing a more strategic approach to understanding the market so the skills system can operate more effectively to meet changing business needs. This will consider how we secure improve outcomes at Level 3 and higher skills that are better aligned with local economic need.</li> <li>The Council, will work towards, all of our workforce having or working towards Level 2 qualification, with the aspirational that our staff who do not hold a Level 3 qualification will work towards achieving one;</li> <li>The Council is developing an inclusive recruitment approach to be managed through S</li></ul>

	• Initiation of the Academy within the Health and Social Care Economic Partnership's One Workforce programme will focus on the career progression and sk development of people already working in the Health and Social Care sector in the District. The partnership has launched a new website to underpin this activity. As our largest sector in terms of jobs this has the potential to have a significant impact on residual low skills issues.		
Managed By	Phil Hunter		
Administered By	Matt Findull		

Code & Title	SR 14 SND SEND Services				Current Risk Matrix	
Description	Between 7 and 11 March 2022, Ofsted and the Care Quality Commission (CQC) conducted a joint inspection of the local area of Bradford to judge the effectiveness of the district in implementing the disability and special education needs reforms as set out in the Children and Families Act 2014.  The Ofsted inspection identify the following 5 areas of significant weakness  Poor communication between stakeholders across education, health and care.  The variable quality of EHC plans, including plans which do not fully describe the provision that children and young people with SEND need.  Children and young people wait too long for assessments, treatment and diagnosis. There is insufficient support for children and young people with SEND who are waiting for provision, services, diagnosis or equipment.  Education, health and care services do not work together well. The arrangements for joint commissioning are underdeveloped. The LA provided a Written Statement of Action (WSOA) Plan to address the above areas of weakness on the 21st of September 2022 that has been approved by Ofsted. The WSOA will be monitored every 90 days and the first meeting will be on the 06.01.2023.					
				Likelihood	Impact	
	District	Yes	Category	Medium	Critical	
Type of Risk	Strategic	Yes	Risk Score	2	3	
	Operational	Total Score	6			
Potential Effect of Risk	<ul> <li>The CYPs SEND needs may not be effectively met.</li> <li>The Local Authority may not meet its statutory obligations.</li> <li>Negative impact on Local Authority's reputation with CYP/parents &amp; schools.</li> </ul>					
Internal Controls	Following the inspection, the district was asked to develop a written statement of action that sets out the 5 areas of significant weakness will be addressed. Action is the plan will be delivered through 5 work streams that takes a lead on each of the 5 areas. The members of the work streams include health, social care, parents, college and schools. These work stream report into the SEND Strategic Partnership Board.					
Assurance Mechanisms	<ul> <li>SEND Strategic Partnership Board (SSPB)established with clear ToRs providing governance over the four operational workstreams.</li> <li>Quarterly progress review meetings are held with the DfE and NHSE.</li> <li>The SSPB reports to the district wide Chidlren and Families Partnership board that provides governance.</li> </ul>					
Date Reviewed	07.12 2022					
Actions / Controls under development	<ul> <li>Development of Local Area SEF and improvement plan with supporting data and evidence across the Local Area-reviewed quarterly by SEND Strategic Partnership Board.</li> <li>Development of a Health Data Dashboard to feed into LA dashboard.</li> <li>Coproduction and engagement plan across the Local Area.</li> <li>Continue to develop the multi-agency quality assurance work.</li> </ul>					
Managed By	Niall Devlin					

Administered By	Caroline Levene

Code & Title					Current Risk Matrix	
Description	The pace of change has been too slow following the inspection in September 2018. Although the local authority is making progress in improving services for children in need of help and protection in some discrete areas of practice the pace; consistency and sustainability of improvement remains a risk. The most recent Ofsted Inspection in November/December 2022 highlighted that whilst there has been improvement at pace in the last 12 months, the improvements have not been enough since the 2018 inspection					
				Likelihood	Impact	
	District	No	Category	High	Critical	
Type of Risk	Strategic	Yes	Risk Score	3	3	
	Operational	Yes	Total Score		9	
Potential Effect of Risk  Internal Controls	Inconsistent Financial Slow progres  Improveme scrutinise the Improveme including Chi Workforce, P the projects detailed plan Children's S Co-ordinator 2023) and a which are br Conversatio research of F undergone th referral and means that o and deliver a Internal Au due to the lo External Au	Poor reputation     High turnover of workforce at all levels     Inconsistent service to service users				

Assurance Mechanisms  Date Reviewed  Actions / Controls under development  Managed By	Future Ofsted Inspections     Independent auditing of casework  16 January 2023  Plan Inspection Timetable  Picklu Roychoudhury
	<ul> <li>Ofsted: Initial feedback from the most recent full ILACS Ofsted Inspection in November/December 2022 highlighted areas requiring continued improvement and these have all been integrated into the Improvement Plans for each area of focus/project and are being worked on, when the final report is received, anything missed will be added. All Project Improvement Plans have been updated to link back to source so these are easily trackable.</li> <li>Partnership: The DCS and Senior Managers continue to engagement with partners in building more positive relationships, this will allow the resetting of the professional relationship with partners making open frank discussions more positive. Partners continue to be included in improvement activities.</li> <li>Recruitment and Retention: The Sufficient and Stable Workforce Improvement Plan is currently being refreshed following completion of many elements of the first phase plan. Ceriph, who developed the Bring Heart Campaign and micro-site for recruitment continues to work with Children's Services and are moving onto phase 2 of their plan of having in service ambassadors and having Social Media presence, a workshop is taking place 16th December to further enhance this. The first cohort of overseas recruits are due to start mid-February 23 with their training programme starting before they arrive in early January 23. Recruitment events have been set up for February with specific focuses, one being for residential and the other for experience Social Workers. The Service has successfully recruited permanence Service Managers. The Service are taking steps to centralise Practice Supervisors and for them to no longer case hold so they can focus on Practice Improvement to mirror the same role in other LA's increasing Bradford's likelihood of successful permanent recruitment in a competitive market. The Management factuality is due to launch in February 23 with further factuality's for Community Resource Workers, Business Support, Early Help, Fostering and Youth Justice Serv</li></ul>

Code & Title	SR 16 EAT Educational Attainment				
Description		ve academic outcomes for children and young people resuler education. Associated impact on culture and employment		orce and in accessing	Likelihood
				Likelihood	Impact
	District	Yes	Category	High	Critical
Type of Risk	Strategic	Yes	Risk Score	3	3
	Operational	Yes	Total Score		9
Potential Effect of Risk	Outcomes i In mathem In gramma Writing out In the com For KS4; Attainment than nation Girls contin for attainm The gap be difference t The gap be 9-5, the dif Pupils whos not English English out is not Engli	n reading are static compared to before the pandemic. The atics, outcomes have declined compared to 2019 and the gar, punctuation and spelling, outcomes have declined comparcomes have declined since 2019 and the gap between Bradfibined reading/writing/maths outcomes have declined since 2 outcomes at KS4 have declined as had been expected given all and the gap between Bradford and national has not closed ue to outperform boys. At attainment 8 girls achievement is ent 9-4. For attainment 9-5 the gap is 6% which is the same stween pupils with SEND and other pupils is 23% for attainment when the disadvantaged and non-disadvantaged pupils is 14% for ference between disadvantaged and other pupils is also lower ference between disadvantaged and other pupils whose language outperform pupils whose language outperform pupils whose language is English by 2%. Performing pupils whose language is not English by 4% and shoutperform pupils whose first language is English by 1% and shoutperform pupils whose first language is English by 1% and shoutperform pupils whose first language is English by 1% and shoutperform pupils whose first language is English by 1% and shoutperform pupils whose first language is English by 1% and shoutperform pupils whose first language is English by 1% and shoutperform pupils whose first language is English by 1% and shoutperform pupils whose first language is English by 1% and shoutperform pupils whose first language is English by 1% and shoutperform pupils whose first language is English by 1% and shoutperform pupils whose first language is English by 1% and shoutperform pupils whose first language is English by 1% and shoutperform pupils whose first language is English by 1% and shoutperform pupils whose first language is English by 1% and shoutperform pupils whose first language is English by 1% and shoutperform pupils whose first language is English by 1% and shoutperform pupils whose first language is English by 1% and shoutperform pupils whose first language is English by 1% and shoutperform	p with national has increased to 2018 levels. ed to 2019 and the gap with national has increased to 2019 and the gap with national has increased only and the gap between Bradford and nation the changes to the assessment regime during the changes to the same as the national ment 8. This is the same as the national figure the national average. For attainment 8. This is 1% lower than the nation in Bradford than the national average. Ge is not English by 1% in Attainment 8. Nat Basics 9-4 and Basics 9-5, the picture is s 2% respectively. The national average picted and 3% respectively.	eased to 2018 levels.  nal averages has incre the pandemic. Outcome the national gap. The gure. At Basics 9-4 and attional average. At Basicianally, those pupils imilar with oupils who care is that, those pup	omes remain lower his is also the case nd Basics 9-5, the sics 9-4 and Basics whose language is se first language is whose language
Internal Controls	to all schools an between the ser	onomous institutions and academies are independent of LA or d academies to provide a quality assurance mechanism for vice and schools in an increasingly fragmented educational grisk assessments and close monitoring with performance ta	the service. This is not compulsory and is clandscape. Systems and processes exist to	lependent on the qual	ity of relationships

Assurance Mechanisms	Strategic mechanisms to limit this include meetings with CEOs, DfE, RSC, and LA councillors and officers to continue partnership working and dialogue wherever possible.					
Date Reviewed	11/1/23.					
Actions / Controls under development	<ul> <li>Improved level of staffing for school improvement posts to add capacity to the monitoring and challenge function for LA maintained schools. Through a traded service this will be offered to all schools and academies.</li> <li>Partnership working with DfE Education Improvement Area to bring about improvements in the least well performing academies and schools</li> <li>Improved targeting of DfE Targeted School Improvement Grant reserves to ensure that rapid improvement is brought about in LA maintained schools through the School Improvement Support Programme</li> <li>Raising attainment strategy funding will seek to support identification and targeted programmes to help C&amp;YP improve their attainment at Key stages 1 and 2. This funding will end in July 2023.</li> </ul>					
Managed By	Sue Lowndes					
Administered By	Caroline Levene					

Code & Title	SR 17 CSI Child	SR 17 CSI Children Safeguarding Incident				
Description	in demand and in demonstrates the	A high-profile safeguarding failure occurs caused by inadequate governance procedures or non-observance of protocols; significant increases in demand and inability to recruit and retain suitably qualified staff. Inadequate Ofsted judgment exacerbates challenges described and demonstrates that the risk level is high.  Areas of risk in the Ofsted report include MASH/Front Door; placement sufficiency; social work practice; management and QA.				
				Likelihood	Impact	
	District	No	Category	High	Critical	
Type of Risk	Strategic	Yes	Risk Score	3	3	
	Operational	Yes	Total Score		9	
	We have appoin January 2023. The support them to service we remain pressure on the children. Some the family Court account for delation account for delation approach to account for delation account	owing population of Looked after children and the attendant fired 3 new permanent Service Managers and we have begun purished will be given a period of induction and introduction to the settle and feel welcome. This will complement the current care in heavily reliant on agency social work staff which continues budget. Since engaging a number of project teams across the of this work is very intensive and complex and a further reduct the Division has begun to implement its plans for Compliance Codelays in Court proceedings and this potentially could become any.  Experience some challenges in ensuring that assessments, plane	ermanent recruitment of social workers from systems in the UK and in Bradford. We will a npaign to recruit within the UK. However, wo to be unstable in that workers can leave at sl service this has led to an overall reduction ocion will support practice and outcomes for churts whereby the Courts will more publically be reputational risk for the authority if we fail to	abroad 15 of whom also assist them to in orkforce stability is from the notice and it result average caseloads hildren.  The notice and it result average caseloads hildren.  The notice are timescales were assistant as a second and the notice are timescales were assistant as a second and the notice are timescales were assistant as a second and the notice are timescales were assistant as a second and the notice are timescales were assistant as a second and the notice are timescales were assistant as a second and the notice are timescales were assistant as a second and the notice are timescales were as a second and the notice are timescales were as a second and the notice are timescales are timescales as a second and the notice are times	tegrate and ragile and as a mains a significant to about 18 and other parties without clear	
	pressures. Recri Continuous over risk appropriate families. Supervision of s We do not have Agencies and proverstretched b	uitment of staff is moving forward, UK, International and Social resigns and scrutiny of children's risks is undertaken by manage rily. An audit regime which allows managers at all levels to constant is not yet fully consistent due to staff changes and remain sufficient fostering, residential or specialist placements in Bractivate residential homes placing some elevated risks to children udget as charges from providers has increased. As before this yer 1500 children and the complexity of need has and we have	I work Academy each contributing to this. rs on a daily basis to ensure we are prioritising the the quality of practice and the impact of s a priority for senior managers. If the distribution is a priority for senior managers are the ford causing us to place a significant number when they are placed a long way from home continues to be a pressure for us. The looked	ng those in greatest four interventions of ers of children in inde e and further deman	need or at greates n children and ependent fostering nd on the	

	Audits continue to be completed but at a slightly improved level because of staff and manager turnover. This continues to be a focus for managers. We have engaged external social work auditors to support the development of first line managers to improve practice across the service.  The lessons from Monitoring visits continued to be shared and implemented across the service.  We have restructured part of the service bringing the children in care teams together under 1 head of service and this has now incorporated the Leaving Care service bringing a clearer focus on Children in public Care.
Assurance Mechanisms	The Bradford Partnership (Safeguarding) has carried out a Section 11 Audit of the safeguarding arrangements.  Tight Performance Management Systems and clear lines of Management and Accountability Systems in place. Comprehensive Child Protection Training Strategy in place for all operational staff. We have a programme of induction and training for all staff.  Ofsted undertook a full ILACS inspection of children's social care services from Mid-November to early December. The report will be published at the end of January 2023.  We continue to recruit to Head of Service and Service manager roles and we have had some success in recruiting social workers from overseas.  We have established a social work academy which will bring a steady supply of qualified social workers into the service. We have just initiated the 3 <sup>rd</sup> cohort (20) following the successful completion of the 2 previous cohorts. It is proving effective and popular.  BSCB has implemented enhanced safeguarding procedures across member agencies in the district including a review of children missing education and a review of the CSE Team. We maintain a focus with the Policeon children who go missing from care or from home.
Date Reviewed	13 January 2023
Actions / Controls under development	A CSE Action Plan has been shared with partners. The action plan following the SH National Panel report is being worked on and nearing completion. Our Outcomes Improvement Action Plan is being shared with senior managers to enable the development of underpinning action planning to support the delivery of the wider outcomes. The implementation of the Trust is imminent and this will help to settle the workforce some of whom have felt unsettled. The service has extra capacity supported by the Commissioner and DCS to bring about improvements.
Managed By	David Johnston
Administered By	Caroline Levene

Code & Title	SR 18 COV Covid	SR 18 COV Covid Multiple Outbreaks  Current Matrix						
Description		COVID-19 infections could rise locally causing multiple outbreaks across the District that could leave to further waves of infection. This could lead to reintroduction of control measures, one of which could be further lockdown scenarios						
						Likelihood	Impact	
	District	Yes			Category	High	Critical	
Type of Risk	Strategic	Yes			Risk Score	3	3	
	Operational	Yes			Total Score		9	
Potential Effect of Risk	Further pre     Slower eco     Breakdown	number of fatalities essure on local hospitals enomic recovery in in community cohesion ereak Control Plan written, exer	cised and published online. The p	lan includes loint Wo	rkina Aareements for	how to deal with out	threaks in different	
Internal Controls		ings, overseen by the Outbreal		ian includes Joint Wo	TKING AGREEMENTS TO	now to dear with out	breaks in different	
Assurance Mechanisms	On-going monito	oring of COVID-19 cases, adm	issions and deaths in the District					
Date Reviewed	20-Dec-2022							
Actions / Controls under development	Support the		to WFH where possible er COVID-19 vaccination at scale a health inequalities, prevention and					
Managed By	Sarah Muckle							
Administered By	Tariq Mohamme	ed						

Code & Title	SR 19 Shortage	SR 19 Shortage of staff within the external care market.  Current Risk Matrix					
Description	· ·	Ability to secure care and support from external providers is threatened due to staff and skills shortage, which can impact adversely on the level and quality of care provision.					
				Likelihood	Impact		
	District	No	Category	Very High	Critical		
Type of Risk	Strategic	Yes	Risk Score	4	3		
	Operational	Yes	Total Score		12		
Potential Effect of Risk	<ul><li>Increase in</li><li>Delays fro</li><li>Increase in</li><li>Safeguard</li><li>LA not bein</li></ul>	o secure care and support from external providers will lead to: In hospital admissions due to a lack of properly-staffed care homes or care provision In hospitals, creating additional pressure within the hospital – bed blockages In waiting lists for support In grisks arising from care needs not being met In grisks able to meet its statutory duties leading to CQC challenge and potential judicia In all both financial and reputational damage.	-				
Internal Controls	developm     ASC workf     BradfordC     opportuni     One work     Working v	d Social Care Partnership have agreed a new priority people workstream, which lo ent activity. This builds on the work done through the One Workforce Programme force strategy now developed. ares webportal launched which provides an overview of the work undertaken by of ties available. Force portal launched which acts a repository of training and other support measu with the University of Bradford to ensure that Social Work and Occupational Thera hile also ensuring robust support measures are in place for new qualified staff.	Council and Independent res to help providers rec	Care Providers, and ruit and retain staff	d the job		

<ul> <li>Using Skills House to support and coordinate recruitment for Health and Social Care System</li> <li>Coordinated approach to pool resources from students and potential individuals who have been laid off together with potential workers from sectors impacted by redundancies due to the end of the furlough scheme.</li> <li>Working with Skills for Care for care to develop and roll out training for new workers. We are also working on developing a workforce strategy, while we have also worked on strengthening relationships across the system through better engagement – the recent summit has helped with this.</li> </ul>
CQC Inspections DMT Adult Social Care Reform - monthly DMT Finance, Performance, Quality and Transformation – monthly Raising Expectation Steering Group
03.01.23
<ul> <li>Workforce lead post agreed to take forward the activities and actions detailed in the workforce strategy – JP to be developed graded ad recruited to.</li> <li>Financial and other incentives to support reduction in staff turnover under consideration; working with BCA on coproducing local solutions and regular discussion at regional commissioner network meetings</li> <li>Ongoing recruitment campaigns – to promote recruitment opportunities.</li> <li>Work is underway to reduce the external enablement delivered through the home care market – this should help to manage the long term support better.</li> <li>We are developing proposals for a new workforce academy that will further strengthen how we upskill people to take on roles within the system.</li> <li>We are undertaking a detailed exercise on our cost of care, which will look to balance and support market sustainability.</li> </ul>
Jane Wood
Imran Rathore

	SR 20 EHE Elect	SR 20 EHE Elective Home Education				
Description	At September 2020 there were 484 children recorded as EHE. This number increased over the following three months to more than 800. Man of the families may not have opted for EHE due to a genuine philosophical desire to home educate. Although some pupils have since returned to school rolls, other pupils have been removed from school rolls so the number consistently remains above 700. Temporary funding for the through Raising Attainment is due to end and therefore significant further risk is possible if there is no response to information that suggest children are not receiving education. Huge churn is seen; in the academic year 2021/2022, 387 children became electively home educated are 414 were ended (back at school, no longer school age or left the district).					
	·			Likelihood	Impact	
	District	No	Category	Medium	Critical	
Type of Risk	Strategic	No	Risk Score	2	3	
	Operational	Yes	Total Score		6	
	from roll since S	ety of children is compromised. If children are removed from school roll to hom eptember 2020 have previous children's social care involvement. This demon seeing the children and so some of the children will remain upseen, particular	strates some potential level o	f vulnerability across	the cohort. Officers	
Risk	from roll since S cannot insist on considered suita  Funding was se supervisory capa are spending tir increased funding are clear. This w	eptember 2020 have previous children's social care involvement. This demon seeing the children and so some of the children will remain unseen, particula	strates some potential level orly if their parents submit a relieve Home Education Officers nquiries. There are still at least Safeguarding Partnership are considering EHE in order to a	of vulnerability across eport on the education and a Senior honorast 3 Education Safegular Ofsted complaints make sure intentions	the cohort. Officers of provision which is arium for increased arding Officers who about schools. The and responsibilities	
Internal Controls  Assurance	from roll since S cannot insist on considered suita  Funding was se supervisory capa are spending tir increased fundir are clear. This waround identifyin Officers conduct	eptember 2020 have previous children's social care involvement. This demon seeing the children and so some of the children will remain unseen, particula ble.  cured for a temporary increase in staffing from June 2021, with two Elect acity. This has been extremely proactive, with increased and faster informal ene on EHE cases, despite significant work on education safeguarding for the graph has allowed officers to proactively meet with schools and families who are work is at risk of ending if Raising Attainment funding does not continue, and	strates some potential level orly if their parents submit a relive Home Education Officers nquiries. There are still at least Safeguarding Partnership are considering EHE in order to all therefore the risk of the could is not in receipt of a suitable	of vulnerability across eport on the education and a Senior honorast 3 Education Safegular Ofsted complaints make sure intentions uncil not meeting state the home education the	the cohort. Officers of provision which is drium for increased arding Officers who about schools. The and responsibilities utory requirements	
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Assurance Mechanisms Date Reviewed Actions / Controls	from roll since S cannot insist on considered suita  Funding was se supervisory capa are spending tir increased fundir are clear. This waround identifyii  Officers conduct is begun. This was 12/12/22  Continuous enga	eptember 2020 have previous children's social care involvement. This demon seeing the children and so some of the children will remain unseen, particula ble.  cured for a temporary increase in staffing from June 2021, with two Elect acity. This has been extremely proactive, with increased and faster informal ene on EHE cases, despite significant work on education safeguarding for the 10 has allowed officers to proactively meet with schools and families who are work is at risk of ending if Raising Attainment funding does not continue, and 11 and 12 and 13 and 14 and 15 and 16 and 16 and 17 and 18 and 18 and 19 a	strates some potential level or rly if their parents submit a relive Home Education Officers nquiries. There are still at least Safeguarding Partnership are considering EHE in order to all therefore the risk of the could is not in receipt of a suitable of Children's Social Care for no	of vulnerability across eport on the education and a Senior honoral and of Senior Safegular of Ofsted complaints make sure intentions uncil not meeting state the home education the eglect of education.	the cohort. Officers of provision which is a provision which is a provision which is a provision of the control	
Potential Effect of Risk  Internal Controls  Assurance Mechanisms  Date Reviewed  Actions / Controls under development  Managed By	from roll since S cannot insist on considered suita  Funding was se supervisory capa are spending tir increased fundir are clear. This waround identifyii  Officers conduct is begun. This was 12/12/22  Continuous enga	eptember 2020 have previous children's social care involvement. This demon seeing the children and so some of the children will remain unseen, particula ble.  cured for a temporary increase in staffing from June 2021, with two Elect acity. This has been extremely proactive, with increased and faster informal ene on EHE cases, despite significant work on education safeguarding for the graph has allowed officers to proactively meet with schools and families who are work is at risk of ending if Raising Attainment funding does not continue, and and supporting children who are not in receipt of education will return.  Informal enquiries of families. If there is information to suggest that the child ill consist of ultimately a School Attendance Order, prosecution and referral temporary with the DfE who have this as a key focus	strates some potential level or rly if their parents submit a relive Home Education Officers nquiries. There are still at least Safeguarding Partnership are considering EHE in order to all therefore the risk of the could is not in receipt of a suitable of Children's Social Care for no	of vulnerability across eport on the education and a Senior honoral and of Senior Safegular of Ofsted complaints make sure intentions uncil not meeting state the home education the eglect of education.	the cohort. Officers of provision which is a provision which is a provision which is a provision of the control	

Code & Title	SR 21 TRI Terrorist Incident				
Description	National terrorist	incident threat level is at Substantial and Strategic Security is a concern.			lmpact
				Likelihood	Impact
	District	Yes	Category	High	Critical
Type of Risk	Strategic	Yes	Risk Score	3	3
	Operational	Yes	Total Score		9
Potential Effect of Risk	<ul><li>The reputat</li><li>The welfare</li><li>Increasing</li><li>Business-cr</li></ul>	is unable to meet its duties and responsibilities. ional risk to the Council is adversely effected. and safety of the Council's citizens is at risk. incidence and impact of service interruption events. itical systems are impacted.			
Internal Controls	The Threat Security Po put in place incident pla Senior Man Critical Sys The Council The Council Partnership The Nationa Yorkshire R The Emerge stakeholder All Councils	agers undertake training appropriate to their roles and responsibilities and use th tems and Services are identified threats, risks and vulnerabilities and have busine has responded to the Protect Duty Consultation 2021. in partnership with West Yorkshire Police have a Contest Board for Prepare and I	ed regular review.  Try time the threat level of the control of th	changes and appropriation in the control of the con	nd emergency SIP App case of incidents. 2022 with the Safer evel with the West with partners and
Assurance Mechanisms	_	tatement and security strategy and organisational security framework.			
Date Reviewed	16/12/22				

Actions / Controls under development	<ul> <li>The Council continues to develop a clear understanding of threat sources that have the intent, capability and opportunity to impact on its operation, assets and service delivery.</li> <li>Protect Duty - The Council is part of a North East of England pilot to develop organisational and Bradford District readiness for forthcoming Protect Duty legislation including Partner and stakeholder engagement</li> <li>ACT and SCaN Training needs to be rolled out to all departments delivered at an appropriate level for staff, it may become a mandatory requirement.</li> <li>Security induction training is being reviewed, Information Assurance training is mandatory for all staff.</li> <li>The Council is developing and implementing security minded communications on its website and media outlets.</li> <li>Training and testing the security framework, plans and readiness.</li> <li>The Emergency planning Manager is requiring a new post to manage the security risks and the protect duty with funding to be determined.</li> </ul>
Managed By	Susan Spink
Administered By	Matthew Baggley

Code & Title	SR 22 COL Cost of Living Crisis					Current Risk Matrix
Description		ces to support lower income households may be in ces (i.e. food and energy) outstrip wage / benefit r		ere price rises in bas	ic essential consumer	P Impact
					Likelihood	Impact
	District	Yes		Category	High	Critical
Type of Risk	Strategic	Yes		Risk Score	3	3
	Operational	Yes		Total Score		9
Potential Effect of Risk	<ul> <li>Local economy is impacted.</li> <li>Inflation is at a 40 year high and some areas may become unsustainable as disposable income is reduced (e.g. local markets and business).</li> <li>Potential for rise in crime, homelessness, demands on Council crisis services, and on health services in particular mental health services.</li> <li>Risk of lower collection levels of Council Tax, Business Rates and Sundry Debts, and increased resource demand on debt collection services, as house and businesses prioritise other debts</li> <li>Effect on lower paid Council staff could result in them being less able to meet their potential (under nourished, cold, worried about finance).</li> <li>Around £1 in every £5 of public spending is spent dealing with the effects of poverty.</li> </ul>					s, as households
Internal Controls	Holiday Foc     Household     Bands A- D     Credit Unio     Food Bank     Local Welfa     Funding of     over the m     Warm Hom     Improving	hal Health support for staff and signposting to other old and Activities programme in the school holidays Support Fund of £11.4m in 2022/23 to support responding to together with a discretionary fund to support those of membership of 9,000 provision across the District are Assistance programmes such as the Assisted Pulwelfare and Debt Advice across the District – this edium term less, Healthy People network to assist with energy estake up of Healthy Start vouchers and Free School of 'Warm Spaces' initiative to provide a warm place 3.	sidents with the cost of food and fuse on low incomes with top up payr archase Scheme and the Fuel Top Uhas been subject of a re-tendering afficiency measures and advice Meals	el. Council Tax Ener nents Jp scheme exercise in Autumn	2022 to ensure the se	rvice is sustained
Assurance Mechanisms	<ul><li>All polices a</li><li>Corporate I</li><li>Wellbeing B</li></ul>	e groups and those living in poverty are one of our and strategies are assessed to ensure they work to Plan addresses initiatives to improve financial inclu Board Poverty Strategy was approved by the Executive in	wards reducing poverty (the sociosion, protecting the most vulnerab	- economic duty)		

Date Reviewed	January 2023				
Actions / Controls under development	<ul> <li>The Government has announced that the Household Support Grant fund will be extended in 2023/24.</li> <li>Widening of low cost food offer for the District is currently under consideration including signposting our staff to this support.</li> <li>The Council is a referral partner for the Money Adviser Network to signpost residents to free debt advice.</li> <li>Determination of the allocation of Council Tax Support fund announced by the Govt in December 2022 for the year 2023/24.</li> </ul>				
Managed By	Caroline Lee				
Administered By	Mark St Romaine				

Code & Title	SR 23 SUP Sup	SR 23 SUP Supply Chain Risk				
Description	Inability to source key supplies and services (including energy) as a result of current fiscal and economic circumstances.				Likelihood	
					Likelihood	Impact
	District	No		Category	Medium	Critical
Type of Risk	Strategic	Yes		Risk Score	2	3
	Operational	Yes		Total Score		6
Potential Effect of Risk Internal Controls	Supply costs in	crease above budget provision (ov		vely discharge functions and responsibilitind Sustainability risk).	es and/or deliver sei	vices effectively.
	<u> </u>	otions provisions.				
Assurance Mechanisms	Number of Supply cha	d competitive supply chain for maj f national frameworks available th ain currently not adversely impact g charges especially in relation to c	nat could be drawn down upon if n ted to degree it impacts ability for		is that supply chain	is responding by
Date Reviewed	4 January 2023	3.				
Actions / Controls under development		itment for the Procurement Service ead of Procurement is scheduled to		2.		
Managed By	Christopher Kin	ısella				
Administered By		Mark St Romaine				

Code & Title						Current Risk Matrix	
Description	There continues to be a shortage of professional and skilled staff within the employment market leading to recruitment and retention difficulties to key posts.						
					Likelihood	Impact	
	District	Yes		Category	High	Significant	
Type of Risk	Strategic	Yes		Risk Score	3	2	
	Operational	Yes		Total Score		6	
	Placement.  We are una 2023 from employmen when resigned.  The Council (NGDP) in October 20 offered acri	set up on SAP was 767 of which 201 ended early (anything from 1-6 months were from other Gateways) and 566 completed the 6-month kickstart placement. The largest take up was in Business Admin support and continued to be a popular choice for young people.  • We are unable to report on the full extent of the Council's success at local level, as DWP are yet to present to Government, therefore the update in March 2023 from DWP is not guaranteed. From the information that we hold, we know that 85 of our Council Kickstart placements have moved on to permanent employment from our scheme. Full monitoring of 'leavers' is not fully processed across the council due to the lack of information provided by the individuals when resigning from the Council. There isn't a centralised leavers process which could have captured this data.  • The Council commenced a graduate scheme in November 2020. Three graduates were recruited as part of the National Graduate Development Programme (NGDP) in November 2020 and January 2021. A further 3 NGDP graduates were recruited in September 2022 and a further 2 graduates were recruited in October 2022. The 3 graduates from Nov 2020 and 2021 are no longer on placement. (1 gained permanent employment in the Council). Placements are offered across Departments with each graduate completing four placements in the two-year period they are with the Council.					
	A review of Agency/consultancy workers is underway and hard to fill roles further identified with consideration of market data, supplements, wider attracti strategy and workforce planning so pipelines are identified and established.						
Assurance							

Mechanisms	
Date Reviewed	14 December 2022
Actions / Controls under development	<ul> <li>We are using the apprenticeship levy to develop existing and new skills including those in professional and skilled roles. The 252 Live Council apprentices are made up of 44 apprentices in maintained schools, 37 new starters in the Council and 171 existing Council staff. The most popular apprenticeship jobs roles/sector qualifications for the 44 apprentices in schools are Early Years (50%), Teaching Assistant/Teacher (30%) Business Admin, Management and IT (16%), Production/Hospitality (4%)</li> <li>Council apprenticeships are in: Adult Care (15%), Management (24%), Building, Construction, Civil Engineering, Trades etc (16%) Children and Young People (6%), Production/Hospitality (16%), Business Admin/Customer Service (6%) Social Work (8%), Finance, IT, Procurement (3%) other specialised apprenticeship training (6%)</li> <li>In Children's Services the apprenticeship programme links into "grow own and we are focussed on attracting and retaining social workers through a dedicated "bring heart" campaign and microsite, and are developing an ambitious ASYE academy to grow our own given the national shortages of experienced Level 3 Social Workers, are recruiting international Social Workers and Students and are partnering with the University.</li> <li>We are working on developing an internal graduate scheme, better suited to organisational need, as well as a scheme for West Yorkshire Pension Fund and considering routes for other key areas across the Council as well as linking in with initiatives across our public sector system at a place level.</li> <li>It is intended that a review of Pay and Allowances will take place during 2023-24.</li> <li>A review of the employee benefits offer is well underway with an implementation date of April 2023, as well as mapping our Employee Value Proposition and the procurement of a new recruitment system are all in scope and progressing.</li> <li>Appointment of temporary HR resourcing specialists to provide strategic and operational support to senior managers; reviewing recru</li></ul>
Managed By	Anne Lloyd
Administered By	Emma Lawer

out at the property of the pro	Code & Title	SR 25 Digital Switchover - Adult Social Care operations.	Current Risk	
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					Matrix	
Description	(PSTN) to a fully with all calls beir	ers of the analogue network OpenReach and VirginO2 are digital network (Voice over Internet Protocol) by 2025. This g handled via the digital 'Voice over internet Protocol' (VOII care infrastructure relies upon analogue networks to communication to connect the based at cornerstones. We currently have approxim	s means that in 2025 the old analogue no P) network.	etwork will be switched off,	Impact	
				Likelihood	Impact	
	District	Yes	Category	High	Critical	
Type of Risk	Strategic	Yes	Risk Score	3	3	
	Operational	Yes	Total Score	9	)	
Potential Effect of Risk	<ul> <li>Funding will need to be found to replace existing analogue alarms with digital equivalents</li> <li>Citizens are at risk of being the target of scams or fraudulent activity relating to the switchover</li> <li>The lack of national coordination from Communication Providers has resulted in challenges managing and understanding when existing safe &amp; sound users are migrated to digital</li> <li>Wider Corporate concerns</li> <li>The digital switchover will not just impact on telecare users but on every household and business across the Bradford district that uses a phone line.</li> <li>It is anticipated the switchover will impact on monitored smoke alarms, burglar alarms, lifts, chip and pin machines, traffic lights, CCTV etc.</li> <li>Due to the industry led nature of the switchover, local and national communications about the switchover have been limited in comparison to the government led drive preceding the TV digital switch.</li> <li>There is minimal support to citizens to understand how the switchover will impact them, whether they're a telecare user or not, with potentially a large cohort of vulnerable people being left unsure of how to proceed. Given the Councils role in supporting local businesses and safer communities, should the Council be assuming a role in providing clarity and support across the district.</li> <li>At this moment without detailed mapping activity it is unclear to what extent the impact of the switchover and will require a detailed coordinated impact assessment across the Council.</li> <li>Digital Switch over plan now in place, which includes the following work streams:</li> </ul>					
	<ul> <li>Telecare Ala</li> <li>Communica guidance, p</li> <li>Analogue to</li> </ul>	arm Receiving Centre (ARC) Migration – this will include tend tion and awareness – this will care for telecare user, counci- olicy on installing on digital infrastructure/if find customers Digital Strategy – this will include: Baseline assessment of I agree policy for use of SIM enabled alarms and implement	der for new supplier staff and partners on key implications. ' box left unplugged current users, develop proactive support	t offer for customers underg	joing switch,	
Assurance Mechanisms	DMT Finance	eform - monthly e, Performance, Quality and Transformation – monthly g Group - monthly				

Date Reviewed	03.01.23	
Actions / Controls under development	Further discussions with Corporate ICT to align activity to ensure we have a joined up approach across the Council.	
Managed By	Imran Rathore	
Administered By	mran Rathore	